

EXAMINATIONS

Strategies For Spiritual Harvest

FINAL EXAMINATION

Matching: Read each statement and identify the person described.

A. Paul B. Gehazi C. Abraham D. God

1. "I tried to bring forth my vision through Ishmael."
2. "I was not disobedient unto the heavenly vision."
3. "There are armies around us...What shall we do?"
4. "Shall I bring to the birth and not cause to bring forth?"

Matching: Match the word with the proper definition:

A. Conception B. Development C. Travail D. Transition

5. The time during which the vision grows within you spiritually.
6. The most difficult time right before the birth when you must cease natural self-effort and let God bring forth the vision.
7. The beginning of the vision in your spirit as it is planted by God.
8. A time of spiritual birth pangs involving physical, mental, and spiritual labor.

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer:

9. Spiritual vision is:
 - A. Seeing the natural world
 - B. Not really important
 - C. Seeing beyond the natural into the spiritual world
 - D. Unscriptural
10. A "natural parallel of a spiritual truth" means:
 - A. Truth is relative
 - B. God uses a natural example to explain spiritual truth
 - C. Natural truths are more important than spiritual ones
 - D. All of the above

11. The natural example Jesus used to give His disciples a spiritual vision was the example of the:
 - A. Empty tomb
 - B. Last supper
 - C. Harvest
 - D. Bread and wine
12. In the example of the harvest the field is the:
 - A. Workers
 - B. World
 - C. Angels
 - D. None of these
13. Jesus chose the natural example of the harvest to give His followers a spiritual vision because:
 - A. Natural principles of harvest could be applied spiritually
 - B. They understood about natural harvests because the economy was based on agriculture
 - C. The disciples understood the urgency of the example of the natural harvest
 - D. All of these answers are correct
14. The estimated number of people in the world who are yet to be reached with the Gospel is:
 - A. 3 million
 - B. 3 billion
 - C. 100 million
 - D. None of the answers are correct
15. The approximate number of language groups that still do not have the Bible translated in their language is:
 - A. About 2,000 languages
 - B. About 500 languages
 - C. About 70,000 languages
 - D. None: The Bible is now in all languages
16. To "see the world through the eyes of God" means:
 - A. To see the world as God sees it
 - B. To use mental telepathy
 - C. You become as God
 - D. All of the above

17. The mediator between God and man is:
- A. Your pastor
 - B. Your priest
 - C. Jesus Christ
 - D. None of the above
18. The cause of the gap between man and God that requires the mediator is:
- A. Sin
 - B. Distance between earth and heaven
 - C. Death
 - D. Evil angels
19. To be a "World Christian" means:
- A. You are worldly
 - B. You love the world
 - C. You make each day of your life count for the global cause of Christ
 - D. You are lost
20. The two principles of the spiritual foundation based on Jesus Christ are:
- A. Redeemed men living redeemed lives
 - B. Mother Mary and Saint Peter
 - C. Redeemed men living unredeemed lives
 - D. Church attendance and baptism
21. "Strategies" means:
- A. Scheming to get what you want
 - B. Dreams and visions
 - C. A list of things to do when you have time
 - D. Principles, methods, or plans to follow in order to reach a goal
22. Which of the following conditions are spiritual parallels of factors necessary for spiritual growth?
- A. Life and water
 - B. Soil and air
 - C. Rest and root system
 - D. All of these are necessary
23. What Scripture reveals God's method of multiplication?
- A. John 3:16
 - B. Genesis 1:1
 - C. John 14:1
 - D. II Timothy 2:2

24. According to the Bible, it is most important to teach what we learn to:
- A. Educated men
 - B. Rich people who can finance evangelism
 - C. Talented men
 - D. Faithful men
25. The main tool of spiritual harvest is:
- A. Education
 - B. Seminary training
 - C. Experience
 - D. Power
26. The three spiritual yokes of bondage discussed in this course are:
- A. Alcohol, drugs, sex
 - B. Sin, self, man
 - C. Money, habits, lust
 - D. Gambling, cursing, gossiping
27. To possess God's promise of power you must:
- A. Know it is for today
 - B. Understand the source
 - C. Accept the authority
 - D. All of these are necessary
28. The yoke of God is:
- A. Not really understood
 - B. Heavy
 - C. Only for some people
 - D. Easy, light, restful
29. The divine purpose of God is:
- A. Not really known
 - B. Very difficult to understand
 - C. To bring all things into Jesus Christ
 - D. Not really important for us to know
30. To bridge the gap between the yoke of bondage and the yoke of God you must:
- A. Come unto Him
 - B. Take His yoke on you
 - C. Learn of Him
 - D. All of these

31. If you break the spiritual yoke of bondage in your life, Isaiah 58 indicates that you will:
- A. Know the voice of God
 - B. Be guided by God
 - C. Fulfill your vision
 - D. All of these
32. Your spiritual harvest can be hindered by:
- A. Discord
 - B. Strife
 - C. Iniquity
 - D. All of these

True Or False: Are the following statements true or false?

33. Closed countries cannot be reached with the Gospel message.
34. God has not revealed His divine purpose to man.
35. The main enemies to the spread of the Gospel are political powers.
36. Jesus said there would be a lack of harvesters in the spiritual harvest fields of the world.
37. God's purpose is to unify all things in Jesus Christ.
38. In the Old Testament record, God used Israel as a witness to the nations of the world.
39. In the New Testament the Church is the body of people through which God desires to extend the Gospel to the world.
40. Deuteronomy 28 does not illustrate the "If/But" principle of God's promises.
41. Satan has no interest in spiritual harvest.
42. Self-effort is important in reaping spiritual harvest.
43. You should carefully observe the circumstances before you sow spiritually.
44. Doing good works is not enough to bring forth spiritual harvest.
45. Your problem is not really with bad circumstances but with the spiritual powers behind the circumstances.
46. A right work offered with unholy hands is not acceptable.
47. If you sow wicked things, you can still reap a good harvest because God is good.
48. If your spiritual harvest is poor, there is no way you can change it.
49. If your spiritual harvest is poor, it is usually not your fault.
50. Not every plant in the natural and/or spiritual worlds is capable of reproduction.
51. You can harvest in the same season in which you sow.
52. I completed reading the text for this course.
53. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Foundations Of Faith

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple choice: Select the correct answer.

1. The key passage listing the foundations of the Christian faith is:
 - A. Hebrews 6:1-3
 - B. John 1:8-9
 - C. Acts 19:1-5
 - D. Galatians 6:1-3
2. A basic principle on which a good spiritual foundation rests is:
 - A. Redeemed men
 - B. Redeemed living
 - C. Neither of these
 - D. Both of these
3. To build a proper spiritual foundation you should:
 - A. Build on the rock Christ Jesus
 - B. Build on God's Word
 - C. Build on righteousness
 - D. All of these
4. The spiritual foundation laid by God is:
 - A. A religion
 - B. The Catholic church
 - C. Jesus Christ
 - D. The Protestant church
5. Sin may be defined as:
 - A. Evil
 - B. Transgression of the law
 - C. Wickedness
 - D. All of these
6. Sin originated:
 - A. Through Lucifer
 - B. Through man
 - C. When God created it
 - D. All of these

7. Two people in the Bible whose repentance was ineffective were:
- A. Esau and Judas
 - B. Cain and Abel
 - C. David and Jonathan
 - D. Thomas and Peter
8. To build a good foundation you must:
- A. Come to God
 - B. Hear God's Word
 - C. Do God's Word
 - D. All of these
9. Men repent because of:
- A. Christ's call
 - B. The goodness of God
 - C. The preaching of God's Word
 - D. All of these
10. Repentance from dead works means:
- A. A change of mind which results in a change of action
 - B. Doing penance
 - C. Emotion
 - D. All of these
11. "Dead works" means:
- A. Things done by the dead
 - B. Historic events
 - C. The actions of a life lived apart from God
 - D. All of these
12. Conversion means:
- A. Baptism in water
 - B. The same as confirmation
 - C. To turn from the wrong way to the right way
 - D. Baptism in the Holy Spirit
13. The Bible associates this with repentance:
- A. Faith
 - B. Baptism in water
 - C. Conversion
 - D. All of these

14. Justification means:
- A. Right standing before God
 - B. Doing penance
 - C. Being sorry for your sin
 - D. All of these
15. To be "saved" means:
- A. Being confirmed
 - B. Being freed from sin and its penalties
 - C. The same as baptism in water
 - D. Baptism in the Holy Spirit
16. Faith toward God refers to:
- A. A good conscience
 - B. Confirmation
 - C. Your attitude towards God
 - D. None of these
17. "To baptize" means:
- A. To immerse
 - B. To sprinkle
 - C. To confirm
 - D. All of these
18. Which of the following is important for Christian baptism:
- A. Instruction
 - B. A good conscience towards God
 - C. Repentance
 - D. All of these
19. In the New Testament, believing sinners were baptized in water:
- A. Immediately
 - B. A few months later
 - C. After completing a new believers class
 - D. Upon approval of the pastor
20. The Bible reference which proves there is a difference between the baptism of John and Christian baptism is:
- A. John 3:16
 - B. Acts 19:1-5
 - C. I John 1:8-9
 - D. Romans 3:23

21. Baptism of babies in water is:
- A. Important
 - B. Scriptural
 - C. Not prescribed in Scripture
 - D. None of these
22. An important purpose of the Holy Spirit is:
- A. Guidance
 - B. Conviction
 - C. Sanctification
 - D. All of these
23. The outward physical sign of the baptism of the Holy Spirit is:
- A. Power
 - B. Love
 - C. Tongues
 - D. Interpretation
24. The true evidence of the baptism of the Holy Spirit is:
- A. Miracles
 - B. Power to be an effective witness
 - C. Tongues
 - D. Interpretation
25. The "fruit" of the Holy Spirit means:
- A. The promises of God
 - B. The gifts of the Holy Spirit
 - C. The nature of the Holy Spirit evident in the life of the believer
 - D. The guidance of the Holy Spirit in the life of the believer
26. The gifts of the Holy Spirit are given to:
- A. All sinners
 - B. The early Church only
 - C. All believers
 - D. Ministers only
27. Laying on of hands is used for:
- A. Transferring spiritual authority
 - B. Public confirmation of blessing from God
 - C. Commitment to God for a special ministry
 - D. All of these

28. According to the Bible, the laying on of hands may be practiced by:
- A. All true believers
 - B. The apostles only
 - C. Ministers only
 - D. The 12 disciples only
29. "Resurrection" means:
- A. Raising
 - B. To rise up
 - C. Raised from the dead
 - D. All of these
30. What outward act signifies the spiritual resurrection of the believer?
- A. Baptism in water
 - B. Baptism in the Holy Spirit
 - C. Good works
 - D. Paying tithes
31. To "judge" means to:
- A. Decide the penalty for sin
 - B. Make a difference between
 - C. Determine guilt or innocence
 - D. All of these
32. At the time of eternal judgment, judgment will be done by:
- A. God
 - B. Jesus
 - C. The saints
 - D. All of these
33. The principles that will govern judgment at the eternal judgment are:
- A. God's Word
 - B. Truth
 - C. Personal knowledge
 - D. All of these
34. "Perfection" means:
- A. Complete
 - B. Finished
 - C. Mature
 - D. All of these

35. The example of perfection for believers is:
- A. Jesus
 - B. The Church
 - C. Your pastor
 - D. All of these
36. Initial perfection means:
- A. Forgiveness at the time of repentance
 - B. Continuing sanctification
 - C. God forgave Adam and Eve
 - D. You will never again sin
37. Progressive perfection means:
- A. Forgiveness at the time of repentance
 - B. Continuing sanctification
 - C. God forgave Adam and Eve
 - D. You will never again sin
38. Which of the following factors are involved in the perfection process?
- A. The Word of God
 - B. Prayer
 - C. Consecration
 - D. All of these
39. A Scripture that explains the purpose of the Holy Spirit in the life of a sinner is:
- A. Titus 3:5
 - B. Acts 2:4
 - C. John 3:3-7
 - D. All of these
40. In order to receive the Baptism of the Holy Spirit you should:
- A. Join the charismatic movement
 - B. Become a church member
 - C. Be born again
 - D. Leave the church you are presently in if they do not speak in tongues
41. Which of the following references reveals what happened when people received the baptism of the Holy Ghost?
- A. Acts 2:2-4
 - B. Acts 19:6
 - C. Acts 10:44-46
 - D. All of these

42. Faith is:
- A. The same as hope
 - B. The evidence of things not seen
 - C. Wishing for something
 - D. The same as presumption
43. The purposes for the gifts of the Holy Spirit:
- A. Can never be fulfilled but we should keep trying
 - B. Are not realistic
 - C. Are not revealed in God's Word
 - D. Are clearly revealed in God's Word
44. The physical sign of speaking in tongues was evident when believers were baptized in the Holy Spirit:
- A. On the day of Pentecost
 - B. At Ephesus
 - C. In the house of Cornelius
 - D. All of these
45. Which of the following is a fruit of the Holy Spirit?
- A. Love
 - B. Joy
 - C. Peace
 - D. All of these
46. Transference of spirits was evident in the Old Testament in:
- A. The story of Moses and Joshua
 - B. Joseph and his sons
 - C. The ordination of the Levites
 - D. All of these
47. An evidence of the spiritual resurrection of believers is:
- A. Death to sin
 - B. A new master
 - C. New life purpose
 - D. All of these
48. The new bodies of believers after resurrection will be:
- A. Glorious
 - B. Immortal
 - C. Like that of Jesus
 - D. All of these

49. Consecration means:
- A. To be set apart
 - B. To conform to the standards of God's Word
 - C. To refuse to conform to the standards of the world
 - D. All of these
50. The difference between spiritual gifts and natural talents is:
- A. Talents are supernatural
 - B. Spiritual gifts are supernatural abilities
 - C. Spiritual gifts are inherited
 - D. There is no difference
51. A purpose of the gifts of the Holy Spirit is to:
- A. Perfect the saints
 - B. Edify Christ and the Church
 - C. Promote ministry
 - D. All of these
52. An objective of the gifts of the Holy Spirit is to:
- A. Mature you spiritually
 - B. Show others you are spiritual
 - C. Speak in tongues
 - D. Cause division
53. The fruit of the Holy Spirit is described in:
- A. Galatians 5:22-23
 - B. Galatians 5:1-3
 - C. Romans 12:1-8
 - D. I Peter 4:7-11

Matching: Match each type of baptism with the proper definition:

- | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 54. Baptism of John | A. Prepared Israel for the Messiah |
| 55. Christian baptism | B. Power to witness is the evidence |
| 56. Baptism of the Holy Spirit | C. Symbol of Christ's death |
| 57. Baptism of suffering | D. Outward symbol of inner repentance |

Matching: Match each type of faith with the proper definition:

- | | |
|-----------------------|--|
| 58. Natural faith | A. Enables the believer to live a holy life after conversion |
| 59. Saving faith | B. Trust in things that have proven stable |
| 60. Sanctifying faith | C. Used in spiritual warfare |
| 61. Defensive faith | D. Your personal response to the Gospel |

Matching: Match each resurrection with the proper timing:

- | | | |
|-----|---------|--|
| 62. | Past | A. Resurrection of those who are physically dead |
| 63. | Present | B. Spiritual resurrection of believers in Jesus Christ |
| 64. | Future | C. Resurrection of Jesus from the dead |

True or False: Are the following statements true or false?

- 65. Abraham is not really a very good example of faith.
- 66. If you build your life on Jesus you will still experience "storms" or problems of life.
- 67. Faith can be defined as mind over matter.
- 68. Faith does not differ from hope.
- 69. Faith cannot be increased. You must be content with the faith you now have.
- 70. Christians never need to repent after they are born again.
- 71. All have sinned and come short of God's glory.
- 72. If you were only baptized in the name of the Lord Jesus Christ you should be baptized again in the name of the Father, the Son, and the Holy Spirit.
- 73. The Biblical word "baptize" means to immerse rather than sprinkle with water.
- 74. You should understand the meaning of baptism before being baptized.
- 75. Not all of the gifts of the Holy Spirit are for us today. Some of them were only for the early Church.
- 76. Laying on of hands should never be used in prayer for healing.
- 77. Laying on of hands was not to continue after Jesus returned to Heaven.
- 78. If there is no powerful feeling experienced when laying on hands it is not effective.
- 79. Laying on of hands can be used to commission Christian workers.
- 80. The Bible teaches that anyone is qualified to lay hands on others.
- 81. Laying on of hands is the only way for a person to receive the baptism of the Holy Spirit.
- 82. Spiritual gifts can be imparted by the laying on of hands.
- 83. Laying on of hands should not be used with infants because they do not understand it.
- 84. The Old Testament did not foretell the resurrection of Jesus.
- 85. Jesus did not really rise from the dead.
- 86. Christ's body after His resurrection was not subject to former human limitations.
- 87. Those who do not die will not be resurrected.
- 88. At death there is a separation between spirits of the righteous and the wicked.
- 89. It is important to pray for the dead to be saved.
- 90. The destiny of the righteous is different now than before the resurrection of Jesus.
- 91. The resurrection of Jesus is important, but it is not really part of the Gospel message.
- 92. There is judgment going on at all times.
- 93. There is a judgment reserved for a special time in the future.
- 94. The Bible does not tell where future judgment will occur.
- 95. Spiritual maturity depends on the length of time one has been a Christian.
- 96. Progressive sanctification does not mean salvation was incomplete.
- 97. Engaging in many "Christian" activities will help you mature spiritually.
- 98. Perfection comes through an increase in and application of spiritual knowledge.
- 99. I completed reading the text for this course.
- 100. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Kingdom Living

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer:

1. The two divisions made in I Corinthians 15:44-49 are:
 - A. Milk and meat
 - B. Good and evil
 - C. Satan and demons
 - D. Natural and spiritual
2. The two invisible kingdoms in the world today are:
 - A. Communist and capitalist
 - B. Protestants and Catholics
 - C. Kingdoms of God and Satan
 - D. None of the above
3. The rulers of the kingdom of God are:
 - A. Satan and demons
 - B. God, Jesus, Holy Spirit
 - C. Both A and B
 - D. None of these
4. The rulers of the kingdom of Satan are:
 - A. Satan and demons
 - B. God, Jesus, Holy Spirit
 - C. Both A and B
 - D. None of these
5. The word "kingdom" means:
 - A. A state
 - B. A territory or people over whom a king reigns
 - C. A group
 - D. A political party

6. The word "king" means:
 - A. A statesman
 - B. A president
 - C. The sovereign ruler of a kingdom
 - D. An ambassador
7. Which books of the Bible tell the story of the earthly life, ministry, and teachings of King Jesus?
 - A. The books of law
 - B. Historical books
 - C. The Gospels
 - D. None of these
8. The keys of the Kingdom are given to:
 - A. God only
 - B. Jesus only
 - C. God and Jesus only
 - D. All true believers
9. The keys to the Kingdom are:
 - A. Spiritual powers to bind and lose
 - B. Not a Scriptural concept
 - C. Not really effective today
 - D. Not really known
10. You can transfer from the kingdom of Satan to the Kingdom of God by:
 - A. Self-improvement
 - B. Joining the church
 - C. Being born again
 - D. Joining a leading denomination
11. To bind something means:
 - A. To decorate it
 - B. To put fetters or a bond on it
 - C. To release it or set it free
 - D. None of these
12. To loose something means:
 - A. To decorate it
 - B. To put fetters or a bond on it
 - C. To release it or set it free
 - D. None of these

13. Two references listing specific sins that prevent entrance into the Kingdom of God are:
- A. I Corinthians 6:9-10 and Galatians 5:19-21
 - B. John 3:16-17 and John 3:19
 - C. Psalms 1:1-2 and Psalms 2:3
 - D. Genesis 1:1-2 and 3:15
14. A Biblical reference that explains how to eliminate sins preventing entrance to the Kingdom of God is:
- A. I John 1:8-9
 - B. John 3:16-17
 - C. Galatians 5:19-21
 - D. Genesis 1:1-2 and 3:15
15. The word "pattern" means:
- A. An example
 - B. A suggestion
 - C. A truth
 - D. None of these
16. The word "principle" means:
- A. An example
 - B. A suggestion
 - C. A truth
 - D. None of these
17. A "Biblical pattern" is:
- A. A spiritual truth
 - B. A spiritual example given in Scripture for us to imitate
 - C. The shape of your Bible
 - D. None of these
18. A "Biblical principle" is:
- A. A spiritual truth
 - B. A spiritual head of a school
 - C. The shape of your Bible
 - D. None of these
19. The key to extending God's Kingdom is:
- A. Repentance
 - B. Revolution
 - C. Military coups
 - D. Political process

20. "Patterns and principles of Kingdom living" refers to:
- A. Suggestions for healthy living
 - B. Principles which govern life in God's Kingdom
 - C. Legal laws of the land
 - D. Denominational regulations
21. The foundation upon which all other Kingdom principles rest is:
- A. Righteousness
 - B. Force
 - C. Power
 - D. Religious denominations
22. The two Kingdom laws upon which all other principles are based are:
- A. Religion and denomination
 - B. Healthy diet and exercise
 - C. Loving God and others
 - D. Fasting and praying
23. It is important to know Kingdom principles because:
- A. They are necessary to maintain residency in God's Kingdom
 - B. Jesus said they are of primary importance
 - C. To reign in the future kingdom we must know its principles
 - D. All of these
24. Jesus came to _____ the Old Testament law.
- A. Destroy
 - B. Fulfill
 - C. Ignore
 - D. Abort
25. The main subject of the parables of Jesus was:
- A. Sin
 - B. Power
 - C. The Kingdom of God
 - D. Hate
26. A parable:
- A. Is a lie
 - B. Is a good story, but with no spiritual meaning
 - C. Never can be really understood
 - D. Is a natural story which illustrates a spiritual truth

27. Jesus used parables to teach spiritual truths about the Kingdom of God because:
- A. His audience was not very educated
 - B. He did not approve of other teaching methods
 - C. Those with spiritual minds could understand what He was saying
 - D. None of these
28. An ambassador is someone who:
- A. Runs for political office
 - B. Represents his kingdom in another country
 - C. Is a paid professional
 - D. Is a secret agent
29. The word "witness" means:
- A. To spy
 - B. To gossip
 - C. One who can testify of something experienced first hand
 - D. None of these
30. The extension of the Gospel of the Kingdom is an important responsibility because:
- A. The Kingdom will not come in fullness until the Gospel is preached to all nations
 - B. We must take over the political systems of this world
 - C. Both of these
 - C. Neither of these

Matching: You may use your Bible on these questions. Look up a verse in Column One. Match each verse with the principle it teaches (Column Two).

- | Column One | Column Two |
|----------------------------|--|
| 31. Matthew 5:13-16 | A. Principle of unity |
| 32. I Corinthians 12:12-14 | B. Principle of penetration |
| 33. Matthew 20:26 | C. Kingdom principles are opposite of worldly ones |
| | D. None of these |

Matching: You may use your Bible on these questions. Look up a verse in Column One. Match each verse with the principle it teaches (Column Two).

- | Column One | Column Two |
|---------------------|---------------------------------|
| 34. Matthew 6:1-18 | A. Prayer principles |
| 35. Matthew 7:12 | B. The King cares for you |
| 36. Matthew 6:25-34 | C. Principles of right behavior |
| | D. None of these |

Matching: Select the correct word to complete each sentence.

- | | | |
|-----|-----------------------|---------------|
| 37. | The poor are _____. | A. Joy |
| 38. | Sorrow brings _____. | B. Conquerors |
| 39. | The meek are _____. | C. Filled |
| 40. | The hungry are _____. | D. Rich |

Matching: Select the correct word to complete each sentence.

- | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------------|-------------|
| 41. | The merciful obtain _____. | A. Outward |
| 42. | Inward rather than _____ is stressed. | B. Peace |
| 43. | Division instead of _____. | C. Mercy |
| 44. | The least are _____. | D. Greatest |

Matching: Select the correct word to complete each sentence.

- | | | |
|-----|---------------------------|-------------|
| 45. | The persecuted are _____. | A. Blessed |
| 46. | The humble are _____. | B. First |
| 47. | Servants are _____. | C. Exalted |
| 48. | The last are _____. | D. Greatest |

Matching: Select the correct word to complete each sentence.

- | | | |
|-----|---|-----------------|
| 49. | Small becomes _____. | A. Great |
| 50. | That which is highly esteemed is _____. | B. Lowly valued |
| 51. | Adults become as _____. | C. Live |
| 52. | You die to _____. | D. Children |

Matching: Select the correct word to complete each sentence.

- | | | |
|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| 53. | You lose your life to _____ it. | A. Loving |
| 54. | You hate life instead of _____ it. | B. Save |
| 55. | You give and _____. | C. Possible |
| 56. | The impossible is _____. | D. Receive |

Matching: Select the correct word to complete each sentence.

- | | | |
|-----|---|-------------|
| 57. | Those without sight _____. | A. Rest |
| 58. | You take a yoke and burden in order to _____. | B. Revealed |
| 59. | Heavenly instead of _____ treasures are emphasized. | C. See |
| 60. | That covered is _____. | D. Earthly |

Multiple Choice: Select A for "old" for each statement that describes the Old Testament law. Select B for "new" for each statement that describes New Testament Kingdom principles.

A= Old Testament law

B=New Testament principle

- 61. Concerned more with inward attitudes.
- 62. Concerned more with outward actions.
- 63. More specific.
- 64. More inclusive.
- 65. Letter of the law.
- 66. Spirit of the law.
- 67. Thou shalt not kill.
- 68. Anger without cause is the same thing as killing.
- 69. Do not swear by anything.
- 70. Do not swear by thyself.
- 71. Return good for evil.
- 72. Return evil for evil.
- 73. Love thy neighbor, but not necessarily your enemies.
- 74. Love thy enemy.
- 75. Worship depends on inward attitudes.
- 76. Worship depends on outward actions.
- 77. Sabbath made for man.
- 78. Man made for Sabbath.
- 79. Holiness is keeping man's traditions.
- 80. Holiness is keeping God's commandments.
- 81. Emphasis on outward holiness.
- 82. Emphasis on inward holiness.
- 83. Divorce for limited cause.
- 84. Divorce for every cause.

True Or False? Are the following statements true or false?

- 85. Fornication is the worship of idols.
- 86. Fornication includes all types of sexual sin.
- 87. Adultery is sexual intercourse by two people not married to each other.
- 88. Seditions are beliefs contrary to the Word of God.
- 89. Emulations is a sin of the flesh that exhibits a desire to copy others and equal or excel them.
- 90. The practice of witchcraft is not forbidden in God's Word.
- 91. There is no difference between these two phrases: "Kingdom of God" and "Kingdom of Heaven".
- 92. Paul said his preaching was with words only.
- 93. If you are rich, you cannot gain entrance into the Kingdom of God.
- 94. Good relations exist between the Kingdom of God and the kingdom of Satan.
- 95. A condition of warfare exists between the Kingdom of God and the kingdom of Satan.
- 96. You can be neutral...You do not have to be part of either the kingdoms of God or Satan.
- 97. The Bible teaches that you can still inherit the Kingdom of God even though you continue to walk in the lusts of the flesh and pattern your lifestyle after the world.

98. All you must do is say Jesus is Lord and you will be assured entrance into the Kingdom of God.
99. I completed reading the text for this course.
100. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Spiritual Strategies: A Manual Of Spiritual Warfare

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer:

1. The two divisions made in I Corinthians 15:44-49 are:
 - A. Milk and meat
 - B. Good and evil
 - C. Satan and demons
 - D. Natural and spiritual
2. The two invisible kingdoms in the world today are:
 - A. Communists and capitalists
 - B. Protestants and Catholics
 - C. Kingdoms of God and Satan
 - D. None of the above
3. The word "kingdom" means:
 - A. A state
 - B. A territory over which a king reigns
 - C. A group
 - D. A political party
4. "Spiritual warfare" is:
 - A. A vain imagination
 - B. A supernatural battle
 - C. A natural battle
 - D. A social condition
5. The spiritual battle was originally started:
 - A. On earth
 - B. By God
 - C. In Heaven
 - D. All of these

6. The basic reason behind great spiritual conflict is:
- A. Unknown
 - B. Man
 - C. God
 - D. Sin
7. The basic principle for understanding spiritual warfare is:
- A. Natural battles of life have spiritual causes
 - B. All problems are from God
 - C. All problems originate with man
 - D. All problems are from Satan
8. "Repentance" is:
- A. An inward decision
 - B. Turning towards God
 - C. A change of mind
 - D. All of these
9. Repentance is important:
- A. Because God commands it
 - B. In order to escape purgatory
 - C. Because church membership requires it
 - D. All of these
10. "Conversion" is:
- A. The same as repentance
 - B. To turn from the wrong way to the right way
 - C. The same as self-improvement
 - D. All of these
11. "Justification" means:
- A. An inward decision
 - B. Self-improvement
 - C. Right standing before God
 - D. All of these
12. "To be saved" means:
- A. The same as self-improvement
 - B. To be delivered from problems
 - C. To be delivered from a life in sin
 - D. All of these

13. The special function of God in the realm of spiritual warfare is:
- A. Commander of the spiritual forces of good
 - B. Intercession for believers
 - C. Guiding the warfare by revelation
 - D. None of these
14. The function of Jesus Christ in spiritual warfare is:
- A. Commander of the spiritual forces of good
 - B. Intercession for believers
 - C. Guiding the warfare by revelation
 - D. None of these
15. The function of the Holy Spirit in spiritual warfare is:
- A. Commander of the spiritual forces of good
 - B. Intercession for believers
 - C. Guiding the warfare by revelation
 - D. None of these
16. The name of God to use when entering into spiritual warfare is:
- A. The Lord of hosts
 - B. The Lord provides
 - C. The Lord my sanctifier
 - D. The Lord my healer
17. The realms in which good angels minister are:
- A. Heaven and earth
 - B. Heaven and Hell
 - C. Earth and purgatory
 - D. All of these
18. An attribute of angels is that they are:
- A. Mortal
 - B. Powerful
 - C. Male
 - D. Female
19. Angels are:
- A. Ministering spirits
 - B. Messengers
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these

20. Lucifer, now known as Satan, was created by:

- A. Demonic forces
- B. Evolution
- C. God
- D. The false prophet

21. Satan's former position was:

- A. A demon
- B. Part of the Trinity
- C. Unknown
- D. An angel of God

22. Satan's fall was caused by:

- A. Sin
- B. God
- C. Man
- D. The world

23. Satan's main sphere of activity is in:

- A. Heaven only
- B. Hell only
- C. Earth
- D. Hades

24. An activity of Satan is:

- A. Deceit
- B. Discouragement
- C. Deception
- D. All of these

25. Demons originated:

- A. When Satan fell
- B. Through evolution
- C. When Satan created them
- D. When man sinned

26. The sphere of activity of demons is:

- A. Heaven
- B. Purgatory
- C. Earth
- D. All of these

27. An activity of demons includes:
- A. Deception
 - B. False doctrines
 - C. Wickedness
 - D. All of these
28. An attribute of demons includes:
- A. Supernatural strength
 - B. Omnipresence
 - C. Omnipotence
 - D. All of these
29. Originally demons were:
- A. Men
 - B. Part of the Trinity
 - C. Angels of Satan
 - D. Angels of God
30. The word "flesh" as it is used in this course means:
- A. The basic sin nature
 - B. Willful defiance against God
 - C. Compulsive inner force
 - D. All of these
31. The word "world" as it is used in this course means:
- A. The planet
 - B. The same as "flesh"
 - C. The present condition of human affairs in opposition to God
 - D. Geographic boundaries
32. The "prince of this world" is:
- A. Satan
 - B. Jesus
 - C. God
 - D. The Holy Spirit
33. The reason for the sinful condition of the current world system is:
- A. Poverty
 - B. Sin
 - C. Lack of education
 - D. Lack of natural resources

34. The general attitude of the world toward believers is one of:
- A. Hatred
 - B. Acceptance
 - C. Love
 - D. Appreciation
35. "Lust" means:
- A. Strong evil desires
 - B. Strong good desires
 - C. Hope
 - D. The same as love
36. Lust may be fostered by:
- A. Sight and smell
 - B. Touch and taste
 - C. Hearing
 - D. All of these
37. If you do not control lust it results in:
- A. Evil thoughts
 - B. Temptation
 - C. Sin
 - D. All of these
38. The works of the flesh are described in:
- A. Ephesians 5:1-3
 - B. Galatians 5:19-21
 - C. Romans 1:3-6
 - D. I Corinthians 3:2-6
39. The strategy of the enemy in relation to God is:
- A. To oppose activities of God
 - B. To oppose the nature of God
 - C. To become like God
 - D. All of these
40. The strategy of the enemy in relation to nations is to:
- A. Deceive the nations
 - B. Ignore the nations
 - C. Accuse the nations
 - D. All of these

41. The strategy of the enemy in relation to believers is to attack:
- A. The Word of God
 - B. Their worship
 - C. Their walk and work for God
 - D. All of these
42. Defensive warfare:
- A. Responds to protect territory
 - B. Initiates aggressive action
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
43. Offensive warfare:
- A. Responds to protect territory
 - B. Initiates aggressive action
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
44. According to the Scriptures, you should pray for:
- A. Laborers for the harvest
 - B. Peace in Jerusalem
 - C. Leaders
 - D. All of these
45. A hindrance to answered prayer is:
- A. Unbelief
 - B. Satanic hindrances
 - C. Unforgiveness
 - D. All of these
46. A purpose of fasting is to:
- A. Humble yourself
 - B. Break bondages
 - C. Repent
 - D. All of these
47. "Devices" means:
- A. A scheme
 - B. A plan
 - C. A plot
 - D. All of these

48. New age teachings are:

- A. Unscriptural
- B. Scriptural
- C. Not very common
- D. Unknown

49. Transference of spirits means:

- A. Demons are sharing spirits
- B. You put a curse on someone
- C. To come under the influence of another stronger spirit
- D. You are involved in Satan

Matching: Identify the following as either a spiritual force of good or a spiritual force of evil:

A. A spiritual force of good.

B. A spiritual force of evil.

- 50. Good angels
- 51. Bad angels
- 52. Demons
- 53. Satan
- 54. God
- 55. All unbelievers
- 56. Jesus
- 57. The Holy Spirit
- 58. All born again believers

Matching: Match the attributes of the Triune God in List One with the correct definitions in List Two:

List One

List Two

- | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------|
| 59. Eternal | A. No beginning or end |
| 60. Sovereign | B. Present everywhere |
| 61. Omnipresent | C. Sinless |
| 62. Holy | D. Highest, supreme power |

Matching: Match the attributes of the Triune God in List One with the correct definitions in List Two:

List One

List Two

- | | |
|----------------|---------------------------------------|
| 63. Infinite | A. Does not change |
| 64. Unchanging | B. Good and kind |
| 65. Benevolent | C. Without flesh and blood |
| 66. A spirit | D. Not subject to natural limitations |

Matching: Match the attributes of the Triune God in List One with the correct definitions in List Two:

List One	List Two
67. Omniscient	A. All powerful
68. Omnipotent	B. Fair and impartial in judgment
69. Just	C. Shows mercy to sinful mankind
70. Merciful	D. Knows all things

Matching: Match the type of warfare in List One with the correction definition in List Two:

List One	List Two
71. Frontal attack	A. Invades an area
72. Siege or blockade	B. Controlling access to an area
73. Invasion and occupation	C. Direct assaults

Matching: Match each category of angels to the correct definition:

A. Messengers	B. Elect angels	C. Cherubim	D. Seraphim
74. Only one reference is made to this group of angels (I Timothy 5:21).			
75. This group of angels is most active in terms of spiritual warfare.			
76. This group of angels appear to be the highest order of angels.			
77. Their position is above the throne of God. They lead Heaven in worship of God.			

Matching: Match each demonic rank to the correct definition:

78. Principalities	A. Rule territories
79. Powers and rulers of darkness	B. At work in social, political, and cultural systems
80. Spiritual wickedness in high places	C. Religious structures

True Or False: Are the following statements true or false?

81. You are not to worship angels.
82. If an angel reveals something contrary to God's written Word you should believe it.
83. God has an organizational plan for His angels.
84. Satan's angels are not organized.
85. If you ignore Satan he will leave you alone.
86. You can be neutral in spiritual warfare.
87. All angels were originally created by God.
88. Satan is omniscient.
89. Satan is omnipotent.

90. There is a time not to pray, when God requires action.
91. Jesus has defeated Satan but the enemy is still "at large" in the world.
92. You can recover yourself from the snare of the enemy.
93. You should never "try " the spirits because that would be judging which is wrong.
94. Once you are a believer you will not experience tribulation in the world.
95. Victory over financial attacks can be gained by using scriptural principles.
96. The condition of the present world is good and getting better.
97. You do not have power over all the power of the enemy.
98. Spiritual armor is not specifically identified in Scripture.
99. I completed reading the text for this course.
100. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Ministry Of The Holy Spirit

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer:

1. The God-head consists of:
 - A. The Father, Son, and Holy Spirit
 - B. God only
 - C. God and Jesus
 - D. Jesus only
2. When we say the Holy Spirit has "a sensitive nature" it means:
 - A. He is hard to relate to
 - B. He is difficult to get along with
 - C. He has feelings that can be affected by the actions of man
 - D. None of these
3. An emblem:
 - A. Represents something besides itself
 - B. Is a symbol with a special meaning
 - C. Neither of these
 - D. Both of these
4. The fire of the Holy Spirit signifies:
 - A. Judgment
 - B. Purifying
 - C. The presence of the Lord
 - D. All of these
5. As the emblem of the Holy Spirit, water represents:
 - A. Light
 - B. Cleansing
 - C. Ownership
 - D. Power

6. As the emblem of the Holy Spirit, oil represents:
 - A. Light
 - B. Cleansing
 - C. Ownership
 - D. Power
7. As the emblem of the Holy Spirit, the seal represents:
 - A. Light
 - B. Cleansing
 - C. Ownership
 - D. Power
8. As the emblem of the Holy Spirit, the wind represents:
 - A. Light
 - B. Cleansing
 - C. Ownership
 - D. Power
9. A purpose of the Holy Spirit in relation to Old Testament Israel is that He:
 - A. Condemned them for sin
 - B. Came upon their leaders
 - C. Took them into captivity
 - D. All of these
10. A purpose of the Holy Spirit in relation to Scripture is:
 - A. Revelation
 - B. Inspiration
 - C. Illumination
 - D. All of these
11. A ministry of the Holy Spirit in relation to Satan:
 - A. A restraining spiritual force
 - B. Illumination
 - C. Inspiration
 - D. Reproving of sin
12. A purpose of the Holy Spirit in the life of Jesus Christ:
 - A. A restraining spiritual force
 - B. Reproving of sin
 - C. Conceived by the Spirit
 - D. Judgment of sin

13. A purpose of the Holy Spirit in the life of believers:
- A. To reprove of sin
 - B. To convict of sin
 - C. To reprove of righteousness
 - D. All of these
14. The purpose of the Holy Spirit in the Church is:
- A. To inspire its worship
 - B. Not very important
 - C. To bring judgment
 - D. Not revealed in Scriptures
15. A Scripture which explains the purpose of the Holy Spirit in the life of a sinner is:
- A. Titus 3:5
 - B. Acts 2:4
 - C. John 3:3-7
 - D. All of these
16. The true evidence that a person has been baptized in the Holy Spirit is that he:
- A. Is a powerful witness
 - B. Pays tithes
 - C. Is faithful in church attendance
 - D. Speaks in tongues
17. In order to receive the Baptism of the Holy Spirit you should:
- A. Join the charismatic movement
 - B. Become a church member
 - C. Be born again
 - D. Leave the church you are presently in if they do not speak in tongues
18. The outward physical sign of the baptism of the Holy Spirit is:
- A. A powerful witness
 - B. Speaking in other tongues
 - C. Neither of these
 - D. Both of these
19. The word "baptize" means:
- A. To be confirmed
 - B. To sprinkle
 - C. To completely immerse
 - D. To join a denomination

20. Which of the following references reveal what happened when people received the baptism of the Holy Ghost?
- A. Acts 2:2-4
 - B. Acts 19:6
 - C. Acts 10:44-46
 - D. All of these
21. The difference between spiritual gifts and natural talents is:
- A. Talents are supernatural
 - B. Spiritual gifts are supernatural abilities
 - C. Spiritual gifts are inherited
 - D. There is no difference
22. A purpose of the gifts of the Holy Spirit is to:
- A. Perfect the saints
 - B. Edify Christ and the Church
 - C. Promote ministry
 - D. All of these
23. An objective of the gifts of the Holy Spirit is to:
- A. Mature you spiritually
 - B. Show others you are spiritual
 - C. Speak in tongues
 - D. Cause division
24. You can abuse spiritual gifts by:
- A. Attempting to use gifts you do not have
 - B. Using them in ministry
 - C. Using them to edify the Church
 - D. Using them to reach the unsaved
25. The key to using your spiritual gift is:
- A. Hope
 - B. Love
 - C. Desire
 - D. Joy
26. You can distinguish between the real gifts of the Holy Spirit and Satan's counterfeit by:
- A. What is said about Jesus
 - B. The name of the denomination
 - C. Watching for miracles to happen
 - D. Asking if they are real

27. Which of the following is a gift of leadership?
- A. Helps
 - B. Serving
 - C. Apostles
 - D. Giving
28. Leadership gifts are called "special gifts" because:
- A. They are more important than all the other gifts
 - B. They are special offices in the Church
 - C. They are all different
 - D. They are more spiritual than the other gifts
29. Which of the following is a speaking gift?
- A. Prophecy
 - B. Giving
 - C. Serving
 - D. Helps
30. Believers give a word of wisdom or knowledge by:
- A. Repeating what they have read
 - B. Trying to think of something God might want them to say
 - C. The Holy Spirit giving them words to speak
 - D. None of these
31. Which of the following is a serving gift:
- A. Hospitality
 - B. Helps
 - C. Giving
 - D. All of these
32. The difference between the gifts of leadership and administration is:
- A. Leadership is more important
 - B. Administration is more important
 - C. Leadership is more motivational
 - D. There is no difference
33. The difference between the gifts of helps and serving:
- A. Serving frees someone from a task
 - B. Helps is more important
 - C. Serving is more important
 - D. There is no difference

34. Faith is:
- A. The same as hope
 - B. The evidence of things not seen
 - C. Wishing for something
 - D. The same as presumption
35. The difference between the gift of faith and the fruit of faith is:
- A. All believers should have the fruit of faith
 - B. Not all believers have the special spiritual gift of faith
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
36. Which of the following are sign gifts?
- A. Healing
 - B. Serving
 - C. Giving
 - D. Hospitality
37. According to John 20:30-31, what is a purpose of the gift of miracles:
- A. To cause people to join the Church
 - B. To create good publicity
 - C. To cause people to believe in Jesus
 - D. All of these
38. The purposes for the gifts of the Holy Spirit:
- A. Can never be fulfilled but we should keep trying
 - B. Are not realistic
 - C. Are not revealed in God's Word
 - D. Are clearly revealed in God's Word
39. It is important to discover your spiritual gift because it will help you to:
- A. Assume spiritual responsibility
 - B. Avoid frustration
 - C. Accomplish spiritual goals
 - D. All of these
40. The outer fruit of the Spirit is:
- A. Evangelism
 - B. Christlikeness
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these

41. The inner fruit of the Spirit is:
- A. Evangelism
 - B. Christlikeness
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
42. The qualities contrasting the fruit of the Holy Spirit are called:
- A. The works of the flesh
 - B. Spiritual gifts
 - C. Natural talents
 - D. All of these
43. The works of the flesh are listed in:
- A. Titus 1:3
 - B. Acts 19:6
 - C. Galatians 5:19-21
 - D. Acts 2:4
44. What Bible passage gives the key to overcoming the works of the flesh?
- A. Titus 1:3
 - B. Galatians 5:16
 - C. Acts 19:6
 - D. Acts 2:4

Matching: Match each ministry of the Holy Spirit in List One to the proper definition in List Two:

List One

List Two

- | | |
|------------------|---|
| 45. Illumination | A. The Holy Spirit spoke to human writers the message of God. |
| 46. Revelation | B. The ministry which helps people understand the Gospel. |
| 47. Inspiration | C. The Holy Spirit guided the writers so the message would be accurate. |

Matching: Match each sign gift in List One with the proper definition in List Two:

List One

List Two

- | | |
|--------------------|--|
| 48. Healing | A. Powerful acts beyond the possibility of occurring naturally. |
| 49. Tongues | B. God's power restoring health apart from the use of natural methods. |
| 50. Interpretation | C. Speaking in a language not known by the speaker. |
| 51. Miracles | D. Making known the meaning of a message in tongues. |

Matching: Match each serving gift in List One with the proper definition in List Two:

List One

List Two

- | | | |
|-----|--------------------|--|
| 52. | Discerning spirits | A. Ability to evaluate whether people, doctrines, and situations are of God. |
| 53. | Helps | B. Ability to motivate others to accomplish specific goals. |
| 54. | Leadership | C. Directs on behalf of others. |
| 55. | Administration | D. Draws alongside to assist others. |

Matching: Match each serving gift in List One with the proper definition in List Two:

List One

List Two

- | | | |
|-----|---------------|------------------------------------|
| 56. | Giving | A. Special ability to be generous. |
| 57. | Showing mercy | B. Special ability to believe. |
| 58. | Faith | C. Special compassion. |

Matching: Match each serving gift in List One with the proper definition in List Two:

List One

List Two

- | | | |
|-----|-------------|--|
| 59. | Hospitality | A. Relieves others of responsibility to perform practical tasks related to God's work. |
| 60. | Serving | B. Provides food and lodging. |

Matching: Match each speaking gift in List One with the proper definition in List Two:

List One

List Two

- | | | |
|-----|-------------|---|
| 61. | Exhortation | A. Speaks by special inspiration of God an immediate message to His people. |
| 62. | Prophecy | B. Words of counsel, comfort. |
| 63. | Wisdom | C. Ability to train others in God's Word. |
| 64. | Teaching | D. Insight as to how knowledge may be applied to specific needs. |

Matching: Match each special gift in List One with the proper definition in List Two:

List One

List Two

- | | | |
|-----|------------|---|
| 65. | Prophet | A. Sent with authority to act for churches and oversee them. |
| 66. | Apostle | B. Speaks under special inspiration to communicate an immediate message of God to His people. |
| 67. | Pastor | C. Shares the Gospel with nonbelievers in a way that they respond and become responsible members of the Body of Christ. |
| 68. | Evangelist | D. Assumes long-term leadership. The word means shepherd. |

True Or False? Are the following statements true or false?

69. The Holy Spirit was involved in creation of the earth.
70. Not every born again believer has a spiritual gift.
71. Spiritual gifts are the same as natural talents.
72. The Holy Spirit is not omnipresent.
73. The Holy Spirit is omnipotent.
74. The Holy Spirit is omniscient.
75. There are no real purposes for speaking in tongues other than praising God.
76. Some spiritual gifts given to the early Church are no longer valid today.
77. There is no difference between spiritual gifts and the baptism of the Holy Spirit.
78. Human talents are not spiritual gifts.
79. You are born with spiritual gifts.
80. God gives spiritual gifts mainly for your own pleasure.
81. Since the Church is now established, supernatural signs are no longer needed.
82. "That which is perfect" is here so we no longer need tongues, prophecy, etc.
83. No one Christian has all the gifts.
84. You cannot choose your spiritual gifts.
85. You will have to give an account to God for the way in which you use your gifts.
86. Gifts used without love are not effective.
87. Everyone who prophesies does not necessarily have the special gift of being a prophet.
88. Everyone who teaches does not necessarily have the special gift of being a teacher.
89. Every believer should share the Gospel, so this means we all have the gift of teaching.
90. The gifts of the word of wisdom and the word of knowledge are the same thing.
91. The gift of tongues is different than the tongues received in Holy Spirit baptism.
92. A person with the gift of tongues should keep quiet in the Church if there is no interpreter.
93. A person with the gift of tongues should not interpret his own message.
94. Only people with the gift of giving are required to give offerings to the Lord.
95. Tongues of the Holy Spirit are always a language known to man.
96. In a Church service it is more important to speak in a language understood by listeners.
97. Several people can interpret the same message at the same time.
98. If a person has the gifts of healing, everyone to whom he ministers will be healed.
99. I completed reading the text for this course.
100. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Knowing God's Voice

FINAL EXAMINATION

Matching: Match the description with the proper phrase:

A. The voice of man
C. The voice of self

B. The voice of Satan
D. The voice of God

1. Man talking to himself.
2. The audible voice of another human being.
3. The voice of our spiritual enemy.
4. Believers will know this voice.

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer:

5. The two types of listeners of which the Bible speaks are:
 - A. Old and young
 - B. Wise and foolish
 - C. Black and white
 - D. Rich and poor
6. The "rhema" Word of God is:
 - A. The written Word of God in general
 - B. A specific word of God
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
7. The "logos" Word of God is:
 - A. The written Word of God in general
 - B. A specific word of God
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
8. Man was separated from God's presence by:
 - A. Demons
 - B. Sin
 - C. Distance
 - D. None of these

9. Regarding the Word of God you should be:
- A. Both a hearer and doer
 - B. A hearer only
 - C. A doer only
 - D. Neither a hearer or doer
10. The word "prerequisite" means:
- A. A class in school
 - B. Something you must do before you can do something else
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
11. The prerequisites presented in this course as important in order to know God's will include:
- A. Born-again experience
 - B. Indwelling Holy Spirit
 - C. Spiritual maturity and transformation
 - D. All of these
12. The Holy Spirit helps us know God's voice by:
- A. Guiding us into God's will
 - B. Forgiving us
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
13. To be "born again" means:
- A. Acknowledging you are a sinner
 - B. Confessing your sins
 - C. Believing in Jesus Christ
 - D. All of these
14. To be "spiritually mature" means:
- A. You are at least age 50
 - B. You are a professing Christian
 - C. You "grow up" spiritually speaking
 - D. All of these
15. As discussed in this course, the word "transformed" means:
- A. An electrical part
 - B. To meditate
 - C. New styles externally
 - D. To be changed into a new image spiritually

16. Knowledge of God's will is important because it will:
- A. Determine your eternal destiny
 - B. Provide direction
 - C. Help avoid chastisement
 - D. All of these
17. The right motivation for doing the will of God is:
- A. Wanting blessings
 - B. Love
 - C. Avoiding chastisement
 - D. Hating sin
18. The following methods of knowing the future are not Scriptural:
- A. Witches, shamen, sorcerers
 - B. Magicians and fortune tellers
 - C. Voodoo, astrology, drugs
 - D. All of these are not Scriptural
19. The word "emulations" means:
- A. Emotions
 - B. Praising God
 - C. Doing your own thing
 - D. Copying others to equal or excel them
20. The two divisions of God's will are that which is:
- A. Revealed in God's Word and not revealed in God's Word
 - B. Good and bad
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
21. God speaks to man through:
- A. The written Word of God and prayer
 - B. Open and closed doors
 - C. Counselors and circumstances
 - D. All of these
22. The assurance that God always gives when we are functioning in His will is:
- A. A voice from heaven
 - B. Peace in your spirit
 - C. A vision
 - D. A confirming dream

23. Questionable practices are:
- A. Practices not specifically mentioned in scripture as right or wrong
 - B. Nothing to worry about
 - C. Things that really glorify God
 - D. None of these
24. Guidelines for judging a questionable practice include:
- A. Does it glorify God?
 - B. Is it necessary?
 - C. It is a compromise?
 - D. All of these
25. A "weaker brother" is:
- A. Someone who is sickly
 - B. Someone who needs to work out at the gym
 - C. A believer who can be adversely affected by actions of a stronger believer
 - D. Not mentioned in Scripture
26. A "stronger brother" is:
- A. Someone who is physically strong
 - B. Someone who works out at the gym
 - C. A believer who can exercise spiritual liberty with a good conscience
 - D. Not mentioned in Scripture
27. In regards to questionable practices you should:
- A. Cultivate your own convictions
 - B. Limit liberty by love
 - C. Distinguish between matters of command and freedom
 - D. All of these
28. If you have offended another believer:
- A. Forget about it...it is his problem
 - B. Go to him and try to resolve it
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
29. Great Biblical examples of men who triumphed over their failures are:
- A. Judas, Uzziah, Saul
 - B. David, Jonah, Peter
 - C. Neither of these
 - D. All of these

30. Biblical examples of men whose lives ended in failure are:

- A. Judas, Uzziah, Saul
- B. David, Jonah, Peter
- C. Neither of these
- D. All of these

31. When you have failed you should:

- A. Admit failure
- B. Pray for forgiveness
- C. Correct the error
- D. All of these

32. Suffering may enter the life of a believer through:

- A. His own sin
- B. Circumstances
- C. Others around him
- D. All of these

33. When a believer suffers innocently he should:

- A. Be ashamed
- B. Rejoice
- C. Express his anger
- D. Take revenge

Matching: Match the description with the proper phrase:

A. God's sovereign will. B. God's individual will C. God's moral will

34. The commands revealed in the written word of God which teach how we should believe and live.

35. God's predetermined plan for the universe, His master plan.

36. God's specific plan for a person.

Matching: Match the description with the proper phrase:

A. Seed by the wayside

B. Seed in stony places

C. Seed among the thorns

D. Seed on good ground

37. An example of a listener who hears God's Word and receives it with joy, but it does not really take root in his life.

38. An example of the voice of God being choked out by the cares of the world.

39. An example of a man who hears the voice of God but the words do not take root in his heart because of hardness.

40. The listener who receives God's Word, listens to His voice, and roots himself in that revelation.

Matching: Match the description with the proper phrase:

A. The perfect will of God
C. The acceptable will of God

B. The good will of God
D. Out of God's will

- 41. A believer is in harmony with the moral, sovereign, and individual will of God for his life.
- 42. The believer is functioning in direct disobedience to God's revealed will.
- 43. This believer is in an acceptable area, but missing the perfect will of God for His life.
- 44. A believer is not in disobedience to God's revealed will, but He is not in the perfect individual plan for his life. He is within God's sovereign will and moral will.

True Or False? Are the following statements true or false?

- 45. God chastises you because He loves you and desires to bring you back into conformity to His will.
- 46. If Elijah had been in God's will by going to Brook Cherith, the brook never would have run dry.
- 47. God sometimes uses trouble to get your attention because He wants to lead you in a new direction.
- 48. The Bible teaches only sinners will experience suffering.
- 49. There are no positive benefits from suffering according to the will of God because it is not God's will that you suffer.
- 50. You should never admit failure because others will lose confidence in you.
- 51. Jesus was not concerned about God's will. He was more concerned about ministering to people.
- 52. The Bible indicates that man lacks the capacity to guide his own way correctly.
- 53. The individual will of God may sometimes disagree with the moral will of God.
- 54. Only God has knowledge of the future.
- 55. We should avoid practices that give the appearance of evil.
- 56. We do not really have to consider others when we are deciding on questionable practices.
- 57. When believers differ on questionable practices it is sin.
- 58. God no longer speaks to man through dreams, angels, and miracles.
- 59. God still speaks in visions.
- 60. God never speaks through the inner voice of the Holy Spirit. He always speaks in an audible voice.
- 61. You should never seek counsel from other believers.
- 62. Always depend on your own human reasoning when you are seeking God's will.
- 63. The Holy Spirit is the umpire of peace in our spirits.
- 64. God always speaks in the same way to us.
- 65. God really does not want you to know His will for the future.
- 66. God's will is planned, individual, and personal.
- 67. God's will is always the way man would choose.
- 68. You can experience great spiritual blessings by walking in your own self-will.
- 69. An excellent method of using the Bible to determine God's will is to open it at random and take the first verse that stands out to you as your answer.
- 70. God usually reveals His entire plan for your life, with all the details, in one miraculous revelation.
- 71. You can never really come to know God's voice.
- 72. The Bible teaches it is acceptable to seek guidance through occult practices.

73. If you encounter a "closed door" it means you must have missed God's will.
74. We really should never judge prophecies that are given by prophets.
75. There is really no way to recognize a false prophet.
76. Jesus did not pray for God's will because He already knew it.
77. Joseph felt he was a victim of circumstances and resented it.
78. Circumstances are the best indication of the will of God.
79. Jonah manipulated circumstances to fulfill his own will instead of God's will.
80. God's other methods of communication will always agree with His written Word.
81. If you cannot get guidance for yourself from God, it is safe to depend on other people to guide your life.
82. You should always accept what a prophet says to you as truth and God's will for your life.
83. Human tradition conceals divine revelation.
84. If God has revealed His will regarding a certain matter in His Word, you should still seek Him for confirmation.
85. "Casting of lots" and such methods of chance are great ways to determine God's will for your life.
86. The Bible teaches "putting out a fleece" is one sure way to determine God's will.
87. Knowing God's voice is not related in any way to determining His will for your life.
88. God spoke to men in times past, but He does not speak to men today.
89. The "rhema" Word of God does not always agree with the written Word of God.
90. One of the best ways to distinguish false from true prophets is to observe their conduct or "fruits".
91. It is not necessary to be born again in order to come to know the voice of God.
92. True prophecy will always agree with the written Word of God.
93. Personal prophecy should be for confirmation only, not direction or guidance.
94. According to Romans 12:1-2 surrender precedes the knowledge of God's will.
95. It is never God's will for you to suffer.
96. If you experience trouble it means you are out of the will of God.
97. Paul was out of the will of God in the storm at sea which he experienced.
98. When you suffer out of the will of God, you are often the cause of your own problems because of disobedience.
99. I completed reading the text for this course.
100. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Creative Bible Study Methods

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer:

1. The word "Bible" means:
 - A. Writing
 - B. The books
 - C. Holy
 - D. Literature
2. The word "Scripture" means:
 - A. Writing
 - B. All the books
 - C. Holy
 - D. Literature
3. The two major divisions of the Bible are:
 - A. Prophecy and poetry
 - B. Gospels and epistles
 - C. Old and new testaments
 - D. Law and history
4. The number of books in the Bible:
 - A. 39
 - B. 27
 - C. 64
 - D. 66
5. The number of books in the Old Testament:
 - A. 39
 - B. 27
 - C. 64
 - D. 66
6. The number of books in the New Testament:
 - A. 39
 - B. 27
 - C. 64
 - D. 66

7. The Old Testament books are divided into the following categories:
- A. Law, history, poetry, prophecy
 - B. Gospels, history, epistles, prophecy
 - C. Neither of these.
 - D. Both of these
8. The New Testament books are divided into the following categories:
- A. Law, history, poetry, prophecy
 - B. Gospels, history, epistles, prophecy
 - C. Neither of these.
 - D. Both of these
9. The word "testament" means:
- A. The books
 - B. Covenant
 - C. Writing
 - D. A plan
10. The purpose of the Bible includes:
- A. Doctrine
 - B. Correction
 - C. Instruction
 - D. All of these
11. The "unity of the Bible" means:
- A. It is united in content
 - B. It is united in theme
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
12. The "diversity of the Bible" means:
- A. It has variety
 - B. It conflicts itself
 - C. It is united in content
 - D. Different men wrote it
13. The revelation of both Old and New Testaments is centered on:
- A. Satan
 - B. Man
 - C. Sin
 - D. Jesus Christ

14. The Bible is:
- A. Not divinely inspired
 - B. Similar to the Koran
 - C. The written Word of God
 - D. Just one of many divine manuscripts
15. A translation of the Bible:
- A. Translates word for word
 - B. Translates letter by letter
 - C. Translates thought by thought
 - D. None of these
16. A paraphrase of the Bible:
- A. Translates word for word
 - B. Translates letter by letter
 - C. Translates thought by thought
 - D. All of these
17. The word "version" means:
- A. The same as translation
 - B. Written in the same language as the original manuscript of the Bible
 - C. The same as paraphrase
 - D. Written in a language other than what the Bible was originally written in
18. The language in which the Bible was originally written is:
- A. Hebrew
 - B. Greek
 - C. Aramaic
 - D. All of these
19. Geography tells _____ an event happened:
- A. When
 - B. Where
 - C. Why
 - D. How
20. History of chronology tells _____ an event happened:
- A. When
 - B. Where
 - C. Why
 - D. How

21. Biblical archaeology is:
- A. The study of the future
 - B. The study of the past
 - C. The same as geography
 - D. None of these
22. Which is the oldest date?
- A. 500 B.C.
 - B. 1000 B.C.
 - C. 2000 A.D.
 - D. 100 A.D.
23. The difference between a translation and a paraphrase version of the Bible is:
- A. A translation is word for word
 - B. A paraphrase is word for word
 - C. A paraphrase is not true to original Scripture
 - D. A translation is not true to original Scripture
24. The word "prerequisite" means:
- A. Afterwards
 - B. Before creation
 - C. Something you must do before you can do something else
 - D. None of these
25. The key prerequisite for understanding the Bible is:
- A. Attending a good Bible college
 - B. Knowing God
 - C. A good Bible commentary
 - D. Good study skills
26. In order for you to study His Word, God has provided:
- A. Teachers
 - B. The Holy Spirit
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
27. The great Teacher sent from God after Jesus returned to Heaven was:
- A. The Holy Spirit
 - B. Peter
 - C. Paul
 - D. John

28. The "milk " of the Word of God means:
- A. Truths difficult to understand
 - B. Truths simple to understand
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
29. The "meat" of the Word of God means:
- A. Truths difficult to understand
 - B. Truths simple to understand
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
30. In order to move from the milk to the meat of the Word of God you should:
- A. Desire to do it
 - B. Be obedient
 - C. Search for the meat
 - D. All of these
31. To "rightly divide" the Word of truth means:
- A. To discuss it
 - B. To interpret it properly
 - C. To read what others say
 - D. None of these
32. The "verbal" inspiration of the Bible means:
- A. Every word in the original was not fully inspired
 - B. Every word in the original was fully inspired
 - C. Partial inspiration of Scripture
 - D. None of these
33. The "plenary" inspiration of the Bible means:
- A. Full inspiration of Scripture
 - B. Partial inspiration of Scripture
 - C. Every word in the original manuscript was not inspired
 - D. None of these
34. Those who add to God's Word are warned that:
- A. All the plagues in the Word will be added to them
 - B. Their name will be deleted from the book of life
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these

35. Those who take from God's Word are warned that:
- A. All the plagues in the Word will be added to them
 - B. Their name will be deleted from the book of life
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
36. According to the Biblical record, who was the first man to write down God's Words at His direction?
- A. Job
 - B. Abraham
 - C. Moses
 - D. Adam
37. To be a "doer of the Word and not a hearer only" means:
- A. You should listen to the Word and not be involved in doing it
 - B. You should do the Word and not just listen to it
 - C. To listen is better than to do
 - D. None of these
38. It is important that you always study a verse within its:
- A. Context
 - B. Setting
 - C. Chapter
 - D. All of these
39. A key word is:
- A. Often repeated
 - B. Important to the meaning of the verse
 - C. Important in the chapter
 - D. All of these
40. Read the list below. Which word is a key word and would be a good subject for word study?
- A. He
 - B. Temperance
 - C. She
 - D. If

Matching: Match each Bible study tool in List One with the proper description in List Two:

List One	List Two
41. Commentary	A. Provides comments on the Bible, verse by verse, chapter by chapter.
42. Bible dictionary	B. Maps and information on the geographical setting of the Bible.
43. Bible atlas	C. Like a regular dictionary, but defines words as they are used in the Bible rather than modern times.
44. Concordance	D. Helps you locate references.

Matching: Match each Bible study tool in List One with the proper description in List Two:

List One	List Two
45. Bible encyclopedia	A. Lists topics of the Bible and scriptural references for them.
46. Topical Bible	B. Detailed study of Biblical words.
47. Word study books	C. General information on the Bible: Background, history, etc.

Matching: Match each form of Biblical poetry in List One with the correct definition in List Two:

List One	List Two
48. Synonymous parallelism	A. The second and following lines give an illustration or emblems to express the truth of the first line.
49. Emblematic parallelism	B. The second and following lines express an opposite truth which relates to the first line of the poem.
50. Antithetic parallelism	C. The second and following lines express a thought identical to the first line.
51. Synthetic parallelism	D. The second and following lines each build on the truth expressed in the first line.

Matching: Match each type of Biblical poetry in List One with the correct definition in List Two:

List One	List Two
52. Dramatic poetry	A. This type of poetry is sung.
53. Epic poetry	B. This type of poetry is a drama.
54. Lyric poetry	C. This type of poetry is narrative or in story form. It often tells of heroic action.

Matching: Match each part of speech in List One with the definition in List Two:

List One	List Two
55. Noun	A. An action word.
56. Adjective	B. Tells how something was done.
57. Verb	C. A descriptive word.
58. Adverb	D. Name of a person, place, or thing.

Matching: Match each form of Biblical writing in List One to the correct definition in List Two:

List One Form	List Two Definition
59. Discourse form	A. Story form
60. Poetic	B. Psalms is an example
61. Parable	C. Like a sermon
62. Narrative	D. Short stories to illustrate spiritual truth

Matching: Match each connective word in List One with the correct definition in List Two:

List One	List Two
63. Like, As	A. Shows a contrast is going to be made.
64. And	B. Means something is going to be added to what has been said.
65. If	C. Reveals that a comparison is going to be made.
66. But, or, of	D. Shows what has been said is conditional upon the response of God's people.

Matching: Read each description and identify the type of Bible study:

A. The devotional method	B. The topical method
C. Book study	D. Chapter study
67. Synthetic study.	
68. Study of God's Word chapter by chapter.	
69. Study of a specific subject.	
70. Stresses dedication, consecration, and worship.	

Matching: Read each description and identify the type of Bible study:

- | | |
|---------------------------|------------------------------|
| A. Paragraph study | B. Verse study |
| C. Bible survey | D. Biographical study |

- 71. Study of the life of a Biblical personality.
- 72. Study of sections of a chapter.
- 73. Synthetic Bible study.
- 74. This should always be done in the context of a paragraph and chapter.

Matching: Read each description and identify the type of Bible study:

- | | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| A. Synthetic study | B. Theological study |
| C. Analytical study | D. Typological study |

- 75. Study of Bible types.
- 76. Study of a basic Bible doctrine.
- 77. To survey something for general content; like a book survey.
- 78. To study the individual parts in detail.

Matching: Match each theological term in List One with the correct definition in List Two:

- | List One | List Two |
|------------------|---|
| 79. Christology | A. The study of the doctrine of the Bible. |
| 80. Bibliology | B. The study of Jesus Christ. |
| 81. Eschatology | C. The study of the doctrine of the Church. |
| 82. Ecclesiology | D. The study of last things. |

Matching: Match each theological term in List One with the definition in List Two:

- | List One | List Two |
|------------------|-------------------------------|
| 83. Angelology | A. The doctrine of salvation. |
| 84. Soteriology | B. The study of man. |
| 85. Demonology | C. The study of good angels. |
| 86. Anthropology | D. The study of bad angels. |

Matching: Match each theological term in List One with the definition in List Two:

- | List One | List Two |
|------------------|--|
| 87. Satanology | A. The study of the doctrine of Satan. |
| 88. Pneumatology | B. The study of the doctrine of the Holy Spirit. |

Matching: Look up each reference in your Bible. Identify the form of Biblical poetry which is used in that passage:

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| A. Antithetic | B. Emblematic |
| C. Synonymous | D. Synthetic |

- 89. Look up Psalms 3:1. This verse is written in _____ parallelism.
- 90. Look up Psalms 1:6. This verse is written in _____ parallelism.
- 91. Look up Psalms 1:1-2. This verse is written in _____ parallelism.
- 92. Look up Psalms 42:1. This verse is written in _____ parallelism.

True Or False? Are the following statements true or false?

- 93. The Bible is the written Word of the one true God.
- 94. Although God inspired the Bible, He used men to write down His words.
- 95. Because there were many writers over many years, the Bible contains contradictions.
- 96. There is no united theme of the Bible. It is just a collection of books on different subjects.
- 97. The major prophets of the Old Testament are more important than the minor prophets.
- 98. No translation of the Bible is exact.
- 99. I completed reading the text for this course.
- 100. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Basic Bible Survey I

Old Testament

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer:

1. The word "Bible" means:
 - A. Writing
 - B. All the books
 - C. Holy
 - D. Literature
2. The word "Scripture" means:
 - A. Writing
 - B. All the books
 - C. Holy
 - D. Literature
3. The two major divisions of the Bible are:
 - A. Prophecy and poetry
 - B. Gospels and epistles
 - C. Old and new testaments
 - D. Law and history
4. The number of books in the Bible:
 - A. 39
 - B. 27
 - C. 64
 - D. 66
5. The number of books in the Old Testament:
 - A. 39
 - B. 27
 - C. 64
 - D. 66

6. The number of books in the New Testament:
 - A. 39
 - B. 27
 - C. 64
 - D. 66
7. The Old Testament books are divided into the following categories:
 - A. Law, history, poetry, prophecy
 - B. Gospels, history, epistles, prophecy
 - C. Neither of these
 - D. Both of these
8. The New Testament books are divided into the following categories:
 - A. Law, history, poetry, prophecy
 - B. Gospels, history, epistles, prophecy
 - C. Neither of these
 - D. Both of these
9. The word "testament" means:
 - A. The books
 - B. Covenant
 - C. Writing
 - D. A plan
10. The purpose of the Bible includes:
 - A. Doctrine
 - B. Correction
 - C. Instruction
 - D. All of these
11. The "unity of the Bible" means:
 - A. It is united in content
 - B. It is united in theme
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
12. The "diversity of the Bible" means:
 - A. It has variety
 - B. It conflicts itself
 - C. It is united in content
 - D. Different men wrote it

13. The revelation of both Old and New Testaments is centered on:
- A. Satan
 - B. Man
 - C. Sin
 - D. Jesus Christ
14. The Bible is:
- A. Not divinely inspired
 - B. Similar to the Koran
 - C. The written Word of God
 - D. Just one of many divine manuscripts
15. A translation of the Bible:
- A. Translates word for word
 - B. Translates letter by letter
 - C. Translates thought by thought
 - D. None of these
16. A paraphrase of the Bible:
- A. Translates word for word
 - B. Translates letter by letter
 - C. Translates thought by thought
 - D. All of these
17. The word "version" means:
- A. The same as translation
 - B. Written in the same language as the original manuscript of the Bible
 - C. The same as paraphrase
 - D. Written in a language other than what the Bible was originally written in
18. The languages in which the Bible was originally written include:
- A. Hebrew
 - B. Greek
 - C. Aramaic
 - D. All of these
19. Geography tells _____ an event happened:
- A. When
 - B. Where
 - C. Why
 - D. How

20. History of chronology tells _____ an event happened:
- A. When
 - B. Where
 - C. Why
 - D. How
21. Biblical archaeology is:
- A. The study of the future
 - B. The study of the past
 - C. The same as geography
 - D. None of these
22. The main points on an outline are normally indicated by:
- A. Abbreviations
 - B. Letters and numbers
 - C. Roman numerals
 - D. None of these
23. Sub-points on an outline are indicated by:
- A. Abbreviations
 - B. Letters and numbers
 - C. Roman numerals
 - D. None of these
24. Which is the oldest date?
- A. 500 B.C.
 - B. 1000 B.C.
 - C. 2000 A.D.
 - D. 100 A.D.
25. The author of the first five books in the Bible was:
- A. Joshua
 - B. Abraham
 - C. Moses
 - D. Adam
26. Old Testament events occurred mostly in:
- A. China, Japan, Korea
 - B. Egypt, Canaan, Assyria
 - C. Spain, Greece, Nigeria
 - D. India, Malaysia, Egypt

27. The first five books of the Bible are called the books of:
- A. Law
 - B. History
 - C. Poetry
 - D. Prophecy
28. Joshua, Judges, Ruth, I and II Samuel, I and II Kings, I and II Chronicles, Ezra, Nehemiah and Esther are all books of:
- A. Law
 - B. History
 - C. Poetry
 - D. Prophecy
29. Job, Psalms, Proverbs, Ecclesiastes, and Song of Solomon are all books of:
- A. Law
 - B. History
 - C. Poetry
 - D. Prophecy
30. Isaiah, Jeremiah, Ezekiel, and Daniel are all books of:
- A. Major prophets
 - B. Minor prophets
 - C. Law
 - D. History
31. Hosea, Joel, Amos, Obadiah, Jonah, Micah, Nahum, Habakkuk, Zephaniah, Haggai, Zechariah, and Malachi are all books of:
- A. Major prophets
 - B. Minor prophets
 - C. Law
 - D. History

Matching: Match each event in List One to the correct geographical location in List Two:

- | List One | List Two |
|--|--------------|
| 32. Name of the river Israel crossed to enter the Promised Land. | A. Ai |
| 33. The walls of this city fell down. | B. Jerusalem |
| 34. Israel was defeated in battle here. | C. Jericho |
| 35. Nehemiah rebuilt these walls. | D. Jordan |

Matching: Match each event in List One with the proper kingdom in List Two. You may use the answers more than one time:

- | List One | List Two |
|---|-----------------|
| 36. The northern kingdom. | A. Israel |
| 37. The southern kingdom. | B. Assyria |
| 38. Israel was taken into captivity by this nation. | C. Judah |
| 39. Judah was taken into captivity by this nation. | D. Babylonia |
| 40. We had 19 kings, all evil. | |
| 41. We had 20 kings; many evil, a few good. | |

Matching: Match each event to the Bible book in which it is recorded. You may use the books more than one time:

- | A. Genesis | B. Exodus | C. Numbers | D. Deuteronomy |
|---|------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| 42. Records the departure from Egypt and journey of Israel in the wilderness. | | | |
| 43. The book of beginnings. | | | |
| 44. The law restated by Moses before his death. | | | |
| 45. Final instructions before entering the Promised Land. | | | |
| 46. Contains the stories of Abraham, Isaac, Jacob, and Joseph. | | | |
| 47. Contains the first promise of the Redeemer who was to come to take away sins. | | | |
| 48. Records the fall of man. | | | |
| 49. Records the giving of the 10 commandments. | | | |
| 50. Tells the story of the great flood on the earth. | | | |
| 51. Contains the story of Israel coming to the border of the promised land, but NOT going in. | | | |
| 52. Contains the story of creation. | | | |
| 53. Israel leaves Egypt. | | | |
| 54. Tells about the first Passover. | | | |
| 55. Contains the story of the tower of Babel. | | | |
| 56. Tells about Moses's birth and early life in Egypt. | | | |
| 57. Tells about the 10 plagues that came on Egypt. | | | |
| 58. This book tells the story of Cain and Abel. | | | |

Matching: Match each event to the Bible book in which it is recorded:

- | A. Joshua | B. Judges |
|--|---------------------------|
| C. Ruth | D. I and II Samuel |
| 59. Details how the successor of Moses led Israel into the promised Land of Canaan. | |
| 60. This book records the repeated sins of Israel and the men and women God raised up to deliver them from enemy forces. | |
| 61. The story of the woman who became the great grandmother of David. | |
| 62. These books tell the stories of Samuel, Saul, and David. | |

Matching: Match each event to the Bible book in which it is recorded:

- | | |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| A. Kings and Chronicles | B. Ezra |
| C. Nehemiah | D. Job |

- 63. People are busy rebuilding the temple in this book.
- 64. People are busy rebuilding the walls of Jerusalem in this book.
- 65. Records of the kings and kingdoms.

Matching: Match each event to the Bible book in which it is recorded:

- | | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| A. Esther | B. Job |
| C. Psalms | D. Proverbs |

- 66. The Jews were saved by the person for whom this book was named.
- 67. The hymn book of the Bible.
- 68. A collection of wise sayings.
- 69. The story of a righteous man who suffered.

Matching: Match each event to the Bible book in which it is recorded:

- | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|
| A. Ecclesiastes | B. Song Of Solomon |
| C. Daniel | D. Lamentations |

- 70. Life without meaning is vanity.
- 71. Prophecy concerning the end times.
- 72. The bride and bridegroom.
- 73. Lament over the destruction of Jerusalem.

Matching: Match each event to the Bible book in which it is recorded:

- | | |
|-----------------|---------------------|
| A. Hosea | B. Obadiah |
| C. Jonah | D. Zechariah |

- 74. A prophet who preached to Ninevah.
- 75. Israel is an unfaithful wife.
- 76. Challenge to complete building the temple.
- 77. Judgment against Edom.

Matching: Match the person with the correct statement:

- | | |
|---|------------|
| 78. I married Boaz. | A. Rebecca |
| 79. I was mother-in-law to Ruth and Orphra. | B. Boaz |
| 80. I was Isaac's bride. | C. Ruth |
| 81. I married Ruth. | D. Naomi |

Matching: Match the person with the correct statement:

- | | | |
|-----|--|---------------|
| 82. | I led Israel to the edge of the promised land. | A. Gibeonites |
| 83. | I sinned by taking gold and a Babylonian garment. | B. Achan |
| 84. | I was very old, but still claimed a mountain for my inheritance. | C. Moses |
| 85. | We deceived Joshua so he would not destroy us. | D. Caleb |

Matching: Match the person with the correct statement:

- | | | |
|-----|---|-----------|
| 86. | God saved me because I hid the spies. | A. Saul |
| 87. | I anointed both King Saul and King David. | B. Rahab |
| 88. | I was the first King of Israel. | C. Samuel |
| 89. | I committed a great sin with Bathsheba. | D. David |

Matching: Match the person with the correct statement:

- | | | |
|-----|--|-------------|
| 90. | I was a very close friend of David's. | A. Jonathan |
| 91. | I lost my strength through compromise with sin. | B. Isaac |
| 92. | I am a woman who led an army of Israel to victory. | C. Deborah |
| 93. | I was the miracle son of Abraham. | D. Samson |

Matching: Match the person with the correct statement. You may use an answer more than one time.

- | | | |
|-----|---|-----------|
| 94. | I put out a fleece to test God's will | A. Gideon |
| 95. | I was the first high priest of Israel. | B. Aaron |
| 96. | I committed the first murder. | C. Balaam |
| 97. | My donkey spoke to me. | D. Cain |
| 98. | I led Israel in worship of the golden calf. | |

Mark the following personal responses either true or false:

99. I completed reading the text for this course.
100. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Basic Bible Survey II

New Testament

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer:

1. Most New Testament events occurred in:

A. Judea, Galilee, Samaria
B. Persia, Babylon
C. Iran, Iraq
D. Spain, Lebanon
2. The total number of books in the New Testament is:

A. 66
B. 39
C. 27
D. 24
3. New Testament books are divided into the following categories:

A. Gospels, history, epistles, prophecy
B. Law, history poetry, prophecy
C. Neither of these
D. Both of these

Matching: Match each Jewish sect with the correct definition:

- | | |
|--------------|--|
| 4. Pharisees | A. Did not believe in the resurrection |
| 5. Sadducees | B. Looked for two messiahs to come |
| 6. Essenes | C. Believed in the resurrection |

Matching: Match each book with the correct author:

- | | |
|---------|----------|
| A. Paul | B. Peter |
| C. John | D. James |
-
7. Romans
 8. I and II Corinthians
 9. I and II Thessalonians
 10. Galatians
 11. Ephesians
 12. Philippians
 13. Colossians

14. I and II Timothy
15. Titus
16. Philemon
17. Hebrews
18. James
19. I and II Peter
20. I, II, and III John

Matching: Match the event in List One to the correct geographical location in List Two:

- | List One | List Two |
|---|-----------------|
| 21. Raising of Lazarus from the dead | A. Bethlehem |
| 22. Birth place of Jesus | B. Bethany |
| 23. Where John baptized people | C. Samaria |
| 24. Where Jesus met the woman at the well | D. Jordan |

Matching: Match the event in List One to the correct geographical location in List Two:

- | List One | List Two |
|--|---------------------|
| 25. Where Jesus was crucified | A. Island of Patmos |
| 26. Where John wrote Revelation | B. Gethsemane |
| 27. Jesus ascended to Heaven from here | C. Golgatha |
| 28. Jesus prayed here | D. Mount of Olives |

Matching: Match the books with the correct New Testament division.

- | A. Gospel | B. Prophecy |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| C. History | D. Epistle |
| 29. Matthew, Mark, Luke and John | |
| 30. Acts | |
| 31. Romans | |
| 32. I and II Corinthians | |
| 33. I and II Thessalonians | |
| 34. Galatians | |
| 35. Ephesians | |
| 36. Philippians | |
| 37. Colossians | |
| 38. I and II Timothy | |
| 39. Titus | |
| 40. Philemon | |
| 41. Hebrews | |
| 42. James | |
| 43. I and II Peter | |
| 44. I, II, and III John | |
| 45. Jude | |
| 46. Revelation | |

Matching: Match each book with the best description:

**A. The Gospels
C. Revelation**

**B. Acts
D. None of these**

- 47. Record of the early Church.
- 48. Vision of future things.
- 49. Story of the life and ministry of Jesus.

Matching: Match each book to the best description:

**A. Philemon
C. I, II, III John**

**B. Titus
D. None of these**

- 50. Orderly church government.
- 51. Intercession for a runaway slave.
- 52. Emphasizes love and fellowship.

Matching: Match each book to the best description:

**A. I and II Timothy
C. James**

**B. Hebrews
D. I and II Peter**

- 53. Instructions for a young minister.
- 54. Comfort in suffering.
- 55. Jesus is the great high priest.
- 56. Faith, works, and the tongue.

Matching: Match each book to the best description:

**A. I and II Thessalonians
C. Ephesians**

**B. Colossians
D. Galatians**

- 57. Deals with error of mixing law and faith.
- 58. Deals with Gnosticism.
- 59. Your heavenly position in Jesus.
- 60. Christian living and the return of Jesus.

Matching: Match each book to the best description:

**A. Romans
C. Philippians**

**B. I and II Corinthians
D. Jude**

- 61. Written to correct problems in the local church.
- 62. Stresses salvation by faith.
- 63. A warning against false doctrine.
- 64. Emphasizes the joy of the Christian experience.

Match each person with the correct description:

- | | | |
|-----|---------------------------------|------------|
| 65. | I watched Stephen being stoned. | A. Luke |
| 66. | I wrote the book of Acts. | B. Mary |
| 67. | My husband and I dropped dead. | C. Paul |
| 68. | I was the mother of Jesus. | D. Saphira |

Match each person with the correct description:

- | | | |
|-----|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| 69. | I wrote the book of Revelation. | A. Philip |
| 70. | I ministered to an unnamed eunuch. | B. John the Baptist |
| 71. | I was a forerunner of Christ. | C. John the Apostle |
| 72. | I traveled with Paul in ministry. | D. Barnabas |

Match each person with the correct description:

- | | | |
|-----|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 73. | I was the first martyr. | A. Mary Magdalene |
| 74. | I was in jail with Paul. | B. Stephen |
| 75. | Jesus cast seven devils out of me. | C. Judas |
| 76. | I betrayed Jesus. | D. Silas |

Match each person with the correct description:

- | | | |
|-----|---|-----------|
| 77. | I denied Jesus. | A. Thomas |
| 78. | I would not believe unless I touched Jesus. | B. Joseph |
| 79. | I tried to kill Jesus at birth. | C. Herod |
| 80. | I was the earthly father of Jesus. | D. Peter |

Match each person with the correct description:

- | | | |
|-----|--------------------------------------|------------|
| 81. | I was formerly a tax collector. | A. Pilate |
| 82. | I washed my hands of Christ's blood. | B. Matthew |
| 83. | I was raised from the dead. | C. Barabas |
| 84. | I was set free instead of Jesus. | D. Lazarus |

Match each person with the correct description:

- | | | |
|-----|--|--------------------|
| 85. | I was the mother of John the Baptist. | A. Zacchaeus |
| 86. | I came to Jesus to discuss eternal life. | B. Nicodemus |
| 87. | I climbed a tree to see Jesus. | C. Elizabeth |
| 88. | I carried the cross for Christ. | D. Simon of Cyrene |

True Or False: Are the following statements true or false?

- | | |
|-----|--|
| 89. | The New Testament totally did away with Old Testament law. |
| 90. | The New Testament teaches we should still sacrifice animals for sin. |
| 91. | The New Testament fulfills many Old Testament prophecies. |
| 92. | The world will continue to get better and better until the time Jesus returns. |
| 93. | Believers are commissioned with the responsibility of spreading the Gospel to the world. |
| 94. | No man knows the exact day and hour of Christ's return. |

95. The New Testament teaches there are many ways to approach God.
96. The New Testament teaches that good works are necessary for salvation.
97. Love for God and others are the greatest New Testament commandments.
98. There were no actual appearances of Jesus on earth after His resurrection from the dead.
99. I completed reading the text for this course.
100. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Developing A Biblical World View

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer.

1. Who created the world and all mankind?
 - A. Allah
 - B. Evolution
 - C. The God revealed in the Bible
 - D. It is not really known
2. The reason there are different stories of creation throughout the world is:
 - A. Some people did not have access to the true facts of creation
 - B. Some people did not choose to believe the true facts of creation
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
3. Some people refuse to accept the Biblical facts of creation because if they do:
 - A. They must acknowledge God
 - B. They must acknowledge God's sovereign rule over them
 - C. They must change their sinful lifestyle
 - D. All of these
4. A "Biblical world view" means:
 - A. Seeing the world as God sees it
 - B. Viewing the Bible as the world sees it
 - C. Reading the Bible will help your eyesight
 - D. All of these
5. Man is different from all other creatures made by God because:
 - A. He is in God's image
 - B. He has a soul and spirit
 - C. He can relate to God
 - D. All of these
6. The results of the fall of man into sin were that:
 - A. The earth was cursed
 - B. Death passed on all men
 - C. All men have the sinful nature
 - D. All of these

7. The Bible reference which first reveals God's plan for the world is:
- A. Genesis 1:1
 - B. Genesis 2:2
 - C. Genesis 3:15
 - D. None of these
8. The two worlds in which all men live are:
- A. State and country
 - B. Political and spiritual
 - C. Communist or free
 - D. Natural and spiritual
9. The world was divided into various languages because of:
- A. The incident at Babel
 - B. Man decided it was best
 - C. Satan decided it would be best
 - D. God likes variety
10. The "master key" of the Bible is:
- A. Luke 24:25-47
 - B. Genesis 1:1-2
 - C. Ephesians 1:9-10 and 3:11
 - D. Revelation 1:1-3
11. God's purpose for the world is revealed in:
- A. Luke 24:25-47
 - B. Genesis 1:1-2
 - C. Ephesians 1:9-10 and 3:11
 - D. Revelation 1:1-3
12. What natural example is given in Scripture to illustrate how God views the world?
- A. The example of the harvest
 - B. The example of leprosy
 - C. The example of Jonah and the whale
 - D. The example of wine
13. God's purpose for the world is:
- A. To build a good political system
 - B. To build larger denominations
 - C. To gather all people to Himself
 - D. To destroy it

14. A "World Christian" is:
- A. One committed to spreading the gospel to all nations
 - B. A worldly believer
 - C. A denomination
 - D. A religious order
15. The main strategy of the early church which enabled them to reach the world with the Gospel was:
- A. II Timothy 2:2
 - B. Each believer reproducing spiritually
 - C. Each home a center of evangelism
 - D. All of these
16. An "international intercessor":
- A. Travels overseas
 - B. Prays for nations
 - C. Translates
 - D. Helps resolve legal matters
17. The positive benefits of international intercession include:
- A. It is Scriptural
 - B. All other activities depend on it
 - C. There are no limits to intercession
 - D. All of these
18. In sharing the Gospel, on what type of men and women should we focus our efforts?
- A. Unreached peoples
 - B. Believers
 - C. Reached peoples
 - D. Ministers
19. What is the central message of the Word of God?
- A. The Gospel
 - B. The commandments
 - C. The law
 - D. All of these
20. When Jesus said He had finished God's work He meant:
- A. He was never going to work for God again
 - B. He quit
 - C. He fulfilled God's purpose
 - D. He would resign

21. The true Church is composed of:
- A. All true believers in Jesus Christ
 - B. Only the Catholic church
 - C. Jews only
 - D. Gentiles only
22. The "Great Commission" means we are to commit to:
- A. Pray
 - B. Fast
 - C. Read the Bible
 - D. Share the Gospel with others
23. The "Great Commission" is found in:
- A. Matthew 28:16-20
 - B. Mark 3:5
 - C. Matthew 27:3
 - D. I John 1:6
24. A Biblical definition for the word "Church" is:
- A. The called out ones
 - B. Religion
 - C. Denominations
 - D. None of these
25. The church started:
- A. When denominations formed
 - B. When men started building church buildings
 - C. On the day of Pentecost
 - D. When Jesus was born
26. The spiritual power behind the Church which enables it to fulfill its mission is:
- A. The Holy Spirit
 - B. Training
 - C. Organization
 - D. Education
27. God's primary purpose for the Church is:
- A. Feeding programs
 - B. Fellowship
 - C. Spreading the Gospel
 - D. Incorporation

28. The basic elements of the Gospel are:
- A. The ministry of Jesus
 - B. The death of Jesus
 - C. The resurrection and appearances of Jesus
 - D. All of these
29. A people group may have in common:
- A. Language
 - B. Culture
 - C. Geographic location
 - D. All of these
30. An unreached people group is:
- A. One with an adequate number of believers and resources to evangelize their own people without outside assistance.
 - B. One without an adequate number of believers and resources to evangelize their own people without outside assistance
 - C. Neither of these
 - D. Both of these
31. A reached people group is:
- A. One with an adequate number of believers and resources to evangelize their own people without outside assistance.
 - B. One without an adequate number of believers and resources to evangelize their own people without outside assistance
 - C. Neither of these
 - D. Both of these
32. The major unreached people groups include:
- A. Chinese
 - B. Muslim
 - C. Buddhists
 - D. All of these
33. A "closed country" is:
- A. One with a fence around it
 - B. Not open minded
 - C. One where you can no longer acquire permission to enter the country as a missionary
 - D. One that allows no trespassing

34. To share the Biblical world view you should:
- A. Become a model of the vision
 - B. Share the vision with others
 - C. Keep the vision central to your life
 - D. All of these
35. The key event which must occur before the end of the world is:
- A. Revival
 - B. The Gospel must be preached to all nations
 - C. Unity between denominations
 - D. World-wide peace
36. The two books of the Bible which provide the most information on the end of the world and the climax of God's plan for the nations are:
- A. I and II Kings
 - B. I and II Samuel
 - C. Revelation and Daniel
 - D. Psalms and Proverbs
37. The most detailed information on the rapture is given in:
- A. Thessalonians
 - B. Psalms
 - C. Esther
 - D. Philemon
38. The most information on the new heaven and earth is given in:
- A. Esther
 - B. Psalms
 - C. Revelation
 - D. Philemon
39. The destruction of the current heaven and earth is described in:
- A. Matthew 28:16-20
 - B. Mark 3:5
 - C. II Peter 3:10
 - D. I John 1:6
40. In relation to the spread of the Gospel, we should view the world in terms of:
- A. Nations
 - B. Political divisions
 - C. People groups
 - D. Continents

41. The church is defined on the following levels:
- A. Worldwide
 - B. Local
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
42. According to the Bible, the key men and women we are to train are:
- A. Educated men and women
 - B. Talented men and women
 - C. Faithful men and women
 - D. Rich men and women

Matching: Match the creative acts of God with the day on which they were performed.

- A. Day one B. Day two C. Day three
43. God created light.
44. God created the dry ground and plants.
45. God created the firmament.

Matching: Match the creative acts of God with the day on which they were performed.

- A. Day four B. Day five C. Day six D. Day seven
46. God created man and animals.
47. God created creatures in the sea.
48. God created the sun, moon, and stars.
49. God rested from all His work.

True Or False: Are the following statements true or false?

50. The language divisions led to the formation of various people groups.
51. People groups led to the formation of nations.
52. The cross of Jesus was really not very important in God's plan for the world.
53. God doesn't really approve of organization, so He gave no organizational plan for the Church.
54. In reality, there are no closed countries.
55. In this course, a "world Christian" is defined as one who lives a worldly lifestyle.
56. There is really no central theme or purpose to the Word of God. It is just a collection of unrelated books written by different authors.
57. The teachings of Jesus really did not reveal much about God's plan for the world.
58. The Church is called to purpose, not privilege.
59. We have already reached the whole world with the Gospel linguistically.
60. Geographically, we have already reached the whole world with the Gospel.
61. Not every believer is called to share the Gospel with unbelievers.
62. The tribulation will be a wonderful time on earth.

- 63. Jesus will reign during the millennium period.
- 64. The Bible teaches that things will continue to get better and better on earth.
- 65. I completed reading the text for this course.
- 66. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Teaching Tactics

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer.

1. A New Testament reference that commissions believers to teach is:
 - A. II Timothy 2:4
 - B. John 20:21
 - C. I Corinthians 15:1-4
 - D. John 3:16
2. The word "teach" means:
 - A. The art of instructing another
 - B. One who teaches
 - C. To instruct, show, demonstrate
 - D. All of these
3. The word "teacher" means:
 - A. The art of instructing another
 - B. One who teaches
 - C. To instruct, show, demonstrate
 - D. All of these
4. The word "teaching" means:
 - A. The art of instructing another
 - B. One who teaches
 - C. To instruct, show, demonstrate
 - D. All of these
5. We need teachers:
 - A. To explain the Word of God
 - B. To teach unsaved people
 - C. To teach believers
 - D. All of these
6. As believers, we are to teach:
 - A. All nations
 - B. Faithful men and women
 - C. Unbelievers
 - D. All of these

7. The difference between the leadership position of teacher and the gift of teaching is:
- A. One is a leadership gift and one is speaking only
 - B. One is the instructor and one is the student
 - C. Both of these
 - D. There is no difference
8. The main objective of Biblical teaching is:
- A. Evangelism
 - B. Discipleship
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
9. The master teacher, the example for all to follow, was:
- A. Paul
 - B. Jesus Christ
 - C. Peter
 - D. Stephen
10. Jesus taught in:
- A. Synagogues
 - B. Villages
 - C. Big cities
 - D. All of these
11. The Biblical reference which confirms we are sent by Jesus as He was by God is:
- A. II Timothy 2:4
 - B. John 20:21
 - C. I Corinthians 15:1-4
 - D. John 3:16
12. The basic message taught by Jesus Christ was:
- A. Creativity
 - B. Judgment
 - C. The Kingdom of God
 - D. Power
13. The Biblical reference which summarizes the basic elements of the Gospel message is:
- A. II Timothy 2:4
 - B. John 20:21
 - C. I Corinthians 15:1-4
 - D. Genesis 1:1

14. The teaching and preaching of the Gospel is to be accompanied by the demonstration of God's _____.
A. Creativity
B. Judgment
C. Wrath
D. Power
15. The basic book which teaches about the Kingdom of God is:
A. The Bible
B. A concordance
C. A commentary
D. A Bible dictionary
16. Jesus taught with:
A. Love and compassion
B. Authority
C. Visual demonstration
D. All of these
17. A parable is:
A. A natural story which illustrates a spiritual truth
B. Something that helps you teach a lesson
C. A true story
D. A teaching aid that can be seen, heard or touched
18. A teaching aid is:
A. A natural story which illustrates a spiritual truth
B. Something that helps you teach a lesson
C. A true story
D. Something tangible that can be seen, heard or touched
19. A case history is:
A. A natural story which illustrates a spiritual truth
B. A biography
C. A true story
D. An autobiography
20. Audio-visual aids are:
A. A natural story which illustrates a spiritual truth
B. A biography
C. True stories
D. A teaching aid that can be seen, heard, or touched

21. Audio-visual aids are important because:
- A. We retain 90% of what we hear, see, hear, say and do
 - B. We retain 30% of what we hear, see, say, and do
 - C. We retain 50% of what we hear, see, say and do
 - D. We retain 20% of what we hear, see, say, and do
22. "Audience analysis" means:
- A. The way an audience judges you
 - B. Your audience is listening
 - C. The study of a group you plan to teach
 - D. All of these
23. Audience analysis is important because:
- A. Learning is affected by many factors.
 - B. It helps you understand the needs of your audience
 - C. It helps you teach at the proper educational level
 - D. All of these
24. To analyze an audience you should:
- A. Pray
 - B. Observe your students
 - C. Associate with your students
 - D. All of these
25. The word "objective" as used in this course means:
- A. A goal
 - B. An aim
 - C. A desired outcome
 - D. All of these
26. Objectives are important in teaching because:
- A. They improve teaching
 - B. They measure effectiveness
 - C. They help students become doers of the Word
 - D. All of these
27. Which one of these objectives is stated correctly? On the conclusion of this lesson the student will:
- A. Know John 3:16
 - B. Recite John 3:16
 - C. Understand John 3:16
 - D. None are correct

28. The final goal in Biblical teaching is:
- A. Presenting every man perfect in Christ
 - B. Building a large church
 - C. Building a Bible school
 - D. Building a large ministry
29. A factor common in every teaching situation is:
- A. The teacher
 - B. A student
 - C. The lesson to be taught
 - D. All of these
30. A lesson plan should always include:
- A. An introduction
 - B. An application
 - C. Objectives
 - D. All of these
31. "Evaluation" means:
- A. To carefully examine something
 - B. To plan something new
 - C. To write an annual report
 - D. To improve your self-image
32. It is important to evaluate your teaching because:
- A. It helps you improve the gift God has given you
 - B. It helps your self-image
 - C. Your denomination expects you to do it
 - D. It impresses the church board
33. You can evaluate Biblical teaching by:
- A. Testing
 - B. Student response
 - C. Objectives
 - D. All of these
34. A reason for problems in the teaching/learning situation is:
- A. Problems with the teacher
 - B. Problems with students
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these

35. "Biblical curriculum" means:
- A. A Bible seminary
 - B. A concordance
 - C. An organized course of Bible study
 - D. A Bible dictionary
36. Organized Biblical curriculum is valuable because it provides:
- A. Research and background materials
 - B. Teaching outlines
 - C. Written lessons and activities for students
 - D. All of these
37. The term "illiterate" means:
- A. One who is skilled in reading
 - B. A blind person
 - C. One who does not read or write his own language
 - D. A local native
38. "Preaching" is:
- A. The same as teaching
 - B. The act of delivering a sermon
 - C. Talking
 - D. Dictating to others
39. Biblical preaching should focus on:
- A. The Gospel
 - B. Current events
 - C. Church history
 - D. Personal experiences
40. "Topical preaching" focuses on:
- A. Specific topics
 - B. Specific passages
 - C. Detailed verse by verse analysis
 - D. All of these
41. "Textual preaching" focuses on:
- A. Specific topics
 - B. Specific passages
 - C. Entire books
 - D. All of these

42. "Expository preaching" focuses on:
- A. Specific topics
 - B. Specific passages
 - C. Detailed verse by verse analysis
 - D. All of these
43. You should train teachers:
- A. According to call
 - B. According to abilities
 - C. According to age interests
 - D. All of these
44. You can recruit people for teacher training by:
- A. Training classes
 - B. Personal contact
 - C. Announcements and advertisements
 - D. All of these
45. You should evaluate a teacher by:
- A. Observing their teaching
 - B. Observing their spiritual fruit
 - C. Objectives accomplished
 - D. All of these

Match the following teaching methods with the correct definition:

- | | |
|-------------------------|---|
| 46. Known to unknown | A. Teaching broad truths, then details |
| 47. General to specific | B. Using the old to introduce the new |
| 48. Object lessons | C. Using symbols, objects to teach truths |

Analyze the following objectives. If it is specific, select the letter A. If it is general, select the letter B.

A. Specific

B. General

- 49. Mature spiritually
- 50. Recite the books of the Bible
- 51. Use a Bible dictionary
- 52. Study the Bible
- 53. Outline the book of Revelation

True Or False? Are the following statements true or false?

54. All believers do not have the gift or leadership position of teaching, but all believers are to teach.

55. Jesus was not really a teacher. He was only a preacher.
56. Believers are to teach and preach the same message Jesus did.
57. You can never use problems in a positive way.
58. You should never try to develop your own Bible curriculum.
59. There is really no difference between teaching and preaching.
60. Demonstrations of spiritual power should never accompany teaching and preaching. They are distracting.
61. Teaching is the transmission of both a life and a lifestyle.
62. Teaching should always be based on the doctrine of man.
63. If an angel teaches something different from the Word of God, we should immediately believe him.
64. Jesus never taught doctrine.
65. The teaching of Jesus emphasizes reproduction...teaching others what you learn.
66. Jesus never used the natural environment in which He found people. He only taught in formal lecture halls like the synagogue.
67. Because of limited time, we should always teach crowds and not individuals.
68. When you are training disciples it is not good to let them practice what you are teaching them.
69. I completed reading the text for this course.
70. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Methodologies Of Multiplication

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer:

1. The first and last commandments of Jesus to His followers was:
 - A. To multiply spiritually
 - B. To care for the poor
 - C. To build a church at Jerusalem
 - D. To live right
2. Multiplication is:
 - A. The same as adding
 - B. To decrease in number
 - C. To increase by reproduction
 - D. To unite existing resources
3. You reproduce spiritually by:
 - A. Inviting people to church
 - B. Reaching others with the Gospel
 - C. Having children
 - D. All of these
4. "Method" means:
 - A. An idea
 - B. A vision
 - C. A system of methods
 - D. A plan for accomplishing a goal
5. "Methodologies" means;
 - A. An idea
 - B. A vision
 - C. A system of methods
 - D. None of these
6. A wrong emphasis on numeric growth is revealed when:
 - A. There is an emphasis on church growth instead of kingdom growth
 - B. The emphasis shifts from people to things
 - C. The individual is ignored
 - D. All of these

7. A "parable" is:
- A. A true story
 - B. A natural story which illustrates a spiritual truth
 - C. An interesting story but without spiritual application
 - D. All of these
8. Jesus used parables to teach His followers because:
- A. He wanted to keep His teaching secret
 - B. It was the custom
 - C. Spiritual truths can only be grasped with spiritual minds
 - D. They were not very intelligent
9. A "witness" is:
- A. One who tells what he saw
 - B. One who tells what he heard
 - C. One who tells what he experienced
 - D. All of these
10. The term "laity" means:
- A. Pastors only
 - B. Evangelists only
 - C. All the people of God
 - D. Professional ministers
11. The term "clergy" means:
- A. Pastors only
 - B. Evangelists only
 - C. All the people of God
 - D. Professional ministers
12. The "calling" of the laity means:
- A. All believers are to actively share the Gospel
 - B. Many are called but few are chosen
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
13. God's plan of multiplication for the spread of the Gospel is:
- A. II Timothy 2:2
 - B. Acts 1:8
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these

14. What two New Testament men were named as examples of spiritual multiplication?
- A. Andrew and Ananias
 - B. Judas and Thomas
 - C. Nicodemus and Joseph
 - D. Pilate and Herod
15. The best way to get started in spiritual multiplication is to:
- A. Read about it
 - B. Talk about it
 - C. Start with a mass crusade
 - D. Start with your own family and friends
16. The true Church is composed of:
- A. All true believers in Jesus
 - B. Catholics only
 - C. Protestants only
 - D. Those who join a denominational church
17. The Church started:
- A. In the Old Testament
 - B. In the New Testament
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
18. The Bible illustrates the Church by using the example of:
- A. The body
 - B. A bride
 - C. A temple
 - D. All of these
19. An important purpose of the Church is:
- A. Worship
 - B. Fellowship
 - C. Service
 - D. All of these

20. An evidence of spiritual growth in a church is:
- A. Unity
 - B. Its size
 - C. Its facilities
 - D. Its programs
21. An important condition for spiritual growth in a church is:
- A. Life
 - B. Programs
 - C. Schedules
 - D. Denominational affiliation
22. When a church experiences true expansion growth it:
- A. Gains members from another church
 - B. Wins new converts to Jesus Christ
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
23. Extension growth occurs when:
- A. There is a church split
 - B. An existing church starts a new church
 - C. New members come from another existing church
 - D. All of these
24. "Church planting" is:
- A. Helping an existing church
 - B. Starting a new church
 - C. Unscriptural
 - D. Ineffective
25. A new church might be started by:
- A. One church starting another church
 - B. An individual starting another church
 - C. A large church dividing
 - D. All of these
26. Which of the following are Biblical priorities for selecting an area in which to start a new church:
- A. Unreached people
 - B. Cities first
 - C. Responsive people
 - D. All of these

27. The type of message that results in new churches is:
- A. A social message
 - B. An intellectual message
 - C. A Biblically based message
 - D. All of these
28. "Bridging growth" of the church occurs when:
- A. One church plants another in a different culture
 - B. A church plants a new church in their own culture
 - C. An existing church splits
 - D. None of these
29. The key New Testament leader in "bridging growth" of the church to the Gentile nations was:
- A. Thomas
 - B. The Apostle Paul
 - C. Stephen
 - D. John the Baptist
30. Paul extended the Gospel to other cultures by:
- A. Preaching
 - B. Witnessing
 - C. Teaching
 - D. All of these
31. The word "convert" means:
- A. A new believer
 - B. A Jew
 - C. A Gentile
 - D. Changing religions
32. A "people group" may be similar in:
- A. Culture
 - B. Ethnic background
 - C. Language
 - D. All of these
33. "Disciple" means:
- A. The same as "convert"
 - B. A true Catholic
 - C. A learner or pupil
 - D. All of these

34. The true test of discipleship is:
- A. How many disciples you have
 - B. Who the leader is
 - C. The time you spend training each disciple
 - D. What happens to your students when you are no longer present with them
35. "Stunted" growth means:
- A. Lack of proper development
 - B. Internal growth
 - C. The same as bridging growth
 - D. The same as extension growth
36. Paul taught the believers in Ephesus most effectively through:
- A. Mass crusades
 - B. A training center
 - C. House to house evangelism
 - D. Person to person evangelism
37. The training center at Ephesus was:
- A. For Jews only
 - B. A lengthy course for rabbis
 - C. For clergy only
 - D. A brief course for disciples
38. The main purpose of an extension training center is to:
- A. Hold regular services
 - B. Substitute for the church
 - C. Train believers to minister effectively
 - D. Preach to the unsaved

Matching: Match the type of growth with the correct definition:

- | | |
|----------------|---------------------------------|
| 39. Geographic | A. Growth in numbers |
| 40. Numeric | B. Reaching other nations |
| 41. Ethnic | C. Internal growth |
| 42. Spiritual | D. Reaching other people groups |

Matching: Match each type of church growth with the proper definition:

- | | |
|---------------|---|
| 43. Internal | A. Planting another church |
| 44. Expansion | B. A church grows in numbers |
| 45. Extension | C. Planting a church in another culture |
| 46. Bridging | D. Spiritual growth |

Matching: Match each discipleship principle with the proper definition:

- | | | |
|-----|--------------|--------------------------------------|
| 47. | Delegation | A. Without it, people perish |
| 48. | Association | B. Giving responsibilities to others |
| 49. | Consecration | C. Being together |
| 50. | Vision | D. Absolute obedience |

Matching: Match each discipleship principle with the proper definition:

- | | | |
|-----|---------------|----------------------|
| 51. | Instruction | A. Illustrating |
| 52. | Demonstration | B. Follow up |
| 53. | Participation | C. Teaching |
| 54. | Supervision | D. Actual experience |

Matching: Select the best solution for each problem:

- A. Follow directions of Matthew 18:15-17.**
- B. Train converts to become disciples.**
- C. Change from a "come" to a "go" policy of outreach.**

- 55. Two women in the church are not speaking to each other. Sister A said something which offended Sister B. What is the remedy?
- 56. Every night of the week is filled with church activities, but very few new converts are being won to the Lord. What is the remedy?
- 57. Some new converts attend the church awhile, then go back to their old sinful life style. Others remain in the church, but are still spiritual babies. What is the remedy?

True Or False? Are the following statements true or false?

- 58. Concern with numbers is not Scriptural.
- 59. If a church is not growing, they are not spiritual.
- 60. Jesus was not concerned with the multiplication of believers.
- 61. The Holy Spirit has no affect on your internal spiritual growth.
- 62. Bridging growth is not Scriptural.
- 63. A good fisherman, in the natural world as well as the spiritual, always use the same method to catch fish.
- 64. God is concerned with multitudes as well as individuals.
- 65. It does not matter to God if you reap or not. Just keep sowing the Word.
- 66. Spiritual multiplication is to be done only by the clergy.
- 67. An extension center such as Paul tried at Ephesus is really not very effective in spreading the Gospel.
- 68. I completed reading the text for this course.
- 69. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Power Principles

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer:

1. The difference between man-made religion and the true demonstration of God's power is:
 - A. Religion is man's attempt to know God
 - B. God's power is His desire to reveal Himself to man
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
2. Worldly power structures include:
 - A. Physical and financial
 - B. Military
 - C. Intellectual and political
 - D. All of these
3. A Biblical reference which explains the difference between worldly and Biblical power structures:
 - A. Galatians 5:22-23
 - B. Matthew 20:25-28
 - C. Romans 12:1-8
 - D. All of these
4. The Biblical definition for power is:
 - A. Spiritual might
 - B. Spiritual force
 - C. Spiritual ability
 - D. All of these
5. The Biblical definition of authority is:
 - A. Power to act in your own behalf
 - B. Power to act for another
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these

6. The supernatural force which is the source of spiritual power is:
- A. God the Father
 - B. The Holy Spirit
 - C. Jesus
 - D. All of these
7. The two parts of every Biblical promise are:
- A. The good and the bad
 - B. The true and the false
 - C. The promise and the possession
 - D. The verse and its context
8. In order to possess the promises of God you must:
- A. Choose to do so
 - B. Apply the principles
 - C. Understand the principles
 - D. All of these
9. Jesus had power over:
- A. Sin
 - B. Nature
 - C. Death
 - D. All of these
10. The "source" of something is:
- A. Usually unknown
 - B. Its reason for existing
 - C. Its beginning or origin
 - D. All of these
11. The true source of all power is:
- A. The government
 - B. Education
 - C. Politics
 - D. None of these
12. God reveals His power on earth through:
- A. Nature
 - B. Jesus
 - C. His Word
 - D. All of these

13. A Scripture reference which explains God's main purpose in revealing His power on earth is:
- A. Matthew 20:25-28
 - B. Ephesians 1:9-10
 - C. I Peter 4:7-11
 - D. Romans 12:1-8
14. "Spiritual wickedness in high places" means:
- A. Wicked spirits have infiltrated the religious systems of the world
 - B. Wicked spirits in government
 - C. Wicked spirits in the air
 - D. Wicked spirits in mountainous regions
15. You can overcome the power of the challenging imitator by:
- A. Education
 - B. Religion
 - C. The power of God
 - D. All of these
16. The limitations of Jesus' power included:
- A. Nature only
 - B. Spiritual only
 - C. Physical only
 - D. None of these
17. The source of Jesus' power and authority was:
- A. Rabbis
 - B. God
 - C. Unknown
 - D. Hereditary
18. The believer receives spiritual authority from:
- A. The Church
 - B. Jesus Christ
 - C. His denomination
 - D. None of these

19. The great responsibility Jesus delegated to His followers was:
- A. To reach the world with the Gospel
 - B. To start a church in Jerusalem
 - C. To start social programs
 - D. To wait for His return
20. "Dunamis" means:
- A. Inherent power
 - B. Delegated power
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
21. "Exousia" means:
- A. Inherent power
 - B. Delegated power
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
22. Spiritual power differs from worldly power because it is to be used for:
- A. Personal purposes
 - B. Advancing the Kingdom of God
 - C. Creating denominations
 - D. Creating a good financial base
23. The word "witness" means:
- A. Verbal testimony
 - B. Actual evidence
 - C. Neither of these
 - D. Both of these
24. Spiritually, we wrestle against:
- A. Flesh and blood
 - B. Principalities and powers
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
25. The basic elements of the Gospel are summarized in:
- A. Romans 12:1-3
 - B. Acts 1:8
 - C. I Corinthians 15:3-4
 - D. Matthew 20:25-28

26. The "Gospel" means:
- A. A message
 - B. The good news
 - C. Sound reasoning
 - D. The same as the law
27. The Gospel is powerful because it reveals:
- A. Judgment
 - B. Salvation
 - C. Righteousness
 - D. All of these
28. In order to claim the power of the blood of Jesus you must:
- A. Have faith in the blood of Jesus
 - B. Speak in tongues
 - C. Never have a blood transfusion
 - D. Understand how natural blood functions
29. To experience the power of the Gospel you must:
- A. Admit your sin
 - B. Confess your sin
 - C. Believe in Jesus Christ
 - D. All of these
30. A Biblical reference which reveals the relation of the Holy Spirit to power is:
- A. Romans 12:1-3
 - B. Acts 1:8
 - C. Ephesians 4:1-6
 - D. Matthew 20:25-28
31. The main purpose of the power of the Holy Spirit is:
- A. To speak in tongues
 - B. To confirm your spirituality
 - C. To make you a witness of the Gospel
 - D. To advance your ministry
32. A Biblical reference which lists the fruit of the Holy Spirit is:
- A. Galatians 5:22-23
 - B. Acts 1:8
 - C. Ephesians 4:1-6
 - D. Matthew 20:25-28

33. The gifts of the Holy Spirit are discussed in:
- A. Romans 12:1-8
 - B. I Peter 4:7-11
 - C. Ephesians 4:1-16
 - D. All of these
34. Love is greater than:
- A. Hope
 - B. Knowledge
 - C. Faith
 - D. All of these
35. The first great commandment is:
- A. Love God
 - B. Love others
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
36. The second great commandment is:
- A. Love God
 - B. Love others
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
37. The world will know we are believers by:
- A. Our confession
 - B. Our love for one another
 - C. Our church membership
 - D. Our denomination's name
38. Complete this sentence: "All other principles of spiritual power, all spiritual gifts, all ministry must operate through the power of _____ or they are useless."
- A. Love
 - B. The Church
 - C. Education
 - D. Organization
39. The greatest principle of spiritual power is:
- A. Speaking in tongues
 - B. Authority
 - C. Being a leader
 - D. The power of love

40. The word "charity" as used in I Corinthians 13 means:
- A. Hope
 - B. Love
 - C. Faith
 - D. All of these
41. The purpose of sacred anointing in the Old Testament was:
- A. For cleaning
 - B. To dedicate things or persons to God
 - C. For traditional reasons
 - D. To preserve things for personal use
42. A purpose of the anointing of power includes:
- A. Service
 - B. Instruction
 - C. Destroying the yoke of bondage
 - D. All of these
43. It is important to discover your specific anointing in ministry because:
- A. Problems result if you don't
 - B. You will be more effective in service
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
44. Your spiritual anointing comes from:
- A. God
 - B. Water baptism
 - C. Church membership
 - D. Your pastor
45. According to the Bible, faith is:
- A. The evidence of things not seen
 - B. A title deed
 - C. The substance of things hoped for
 - D. All of these
46. Faith can be increased by:
- A. Reading books about it
 - B. Coveting it
 - C. Hearing the Word of God
 - D. Positive confession

47. The greatest name in all of the universe is:
- A. Jesus Christ
 - B. Allah
 - C. Mohammed
 - D. The Apostle Paul
48. Jesus obtained His great name by:
- A. Birth
 - B. Conferring
 - C. Achievement
 - D. All of these
49. The power to live a holy life is called:
- A. Sanctification
 - B. Devotion
 - C. Desire
 - D. Dedication
50. Casting out demons is to be done in the name of:
- A. The Holy Spirit
 - B. Your denomination
 - C. Jesus and your church
 - D. Jesus
51. Intercession is:
- A. Praying for others
 - B. Giving thanks
 - C. Giving honor and devotion
 - D. None of these
52. Thanksgiving is:
- A. Praying for others
 - B. Giving thanks
 - C. Giving honor and devotion
 - D. None of these
53. Worship is:
- A. Praying for others
 - B. Giving thanks
 - C. Giving honor and devotion
 - D. None of these

54. Prayer can be hindered by:
- A. Sin
 - B. Not asking according to God's will
 - C. Unbelief
 - D. All of these
55. Fasting is:
- A. Going without food for spiritual reasons
 - B. Spiritually ineffective
 - C. Unscriptural
 - D. Not dealt with in Scripture
56. The main purpose of fasting is:
- A. To change you
 - B. To change God
 - C. To change your circumstances
 - D. All of these
57. The source of the word of power is:
- A. Man
 - B. God
 - C. Your church creed
 - D. Positive confession
58. The "rhema" Word of God is:
- A. The total utterance of God
 - B. A specific word of God
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
59. The "logos" Word of God is:
- A. The total utterance of God
 - B. A specific word of God
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
60. Jesus met the challenges of Satan by:
- A. His rabbinical training
 - B. Positive confession
 - C. The rhema Word of God
 - D. None of these

61. God has established the following structures of authority in the Church:
- A. Pastors and teachers
 - B. Evangelists
 - C. Apostles
 - D. All of these
62. The head of the home is:
- A. The husband
 - B. The wife
 - C. Parents
 - D. None of these
63. A Biblical reference which explains the relationship of believers to government authorities is:
- A. John 3:16
 - B. Romans 3:23
 - C. Romans 13:1-4
 - D. Romans 6:3
64. A present purpose of resurrection power in the life of the believer is:
- A. New hope
 - B. Purpose
 - C. New life
 - D. All of these
65. The source of all sin and suffering is:
- A. God
 - B. Man
 - C. Satan
 - D. Circumstances
66. Suffering may come into your life through:
- A. Circumstances of life
 - B. Your ministry
 - C. Your own sin
 - D. All of these
67. A purpose of suffering in the life of a believer is to:
- A. Develop spiritual qualities
 - B. Manifest the works of God
 - C. Test your faith
 - D. All of these

68. The purpose of the Church as it relates to spiritual power is to:
- A. Control it
 - B. Discuss it
 - C. Demonstrate it
 - D. Explain it
69. A Scriptural reference which confirms the sovereignty of God in situations for which man cannot find answers is:
- A. Matthew 20:25-28
 - B. I Peter 4:7-11
 - C. Deuteronomy 29:29
 - D. Galatians 5:22-23
70. Spiritual power failure results from:
- A. Sin
 - B. Unbelief
 - C. Bondage
 - D. All of these
71. The source behind all opposition to true spiritual power is:
- A. Satan
 - B. Denominations
 - C. The Church
 - D. The government

Matching: Match each type of faith in List One with the correct definition in List Two:

- | List One | List Two |
|-----------------------|--|
| 72. Saving faith | A. Enables you to live holy life |
| 73. Sanctifying faith | B. Special ability to believe God for the impossible |
| 74. Defensive faith | C. Brings peace with God through repentance |
| 75. The gift of faith | D. A weapon for spiritual warfare |

True Or False? Are the following statements true or false?

- 76. There is no relationship between responsibility and authority.
- 77. We need more political influence if we are to reach the world with the Gospel.
- 78. The day of miracles is past. We no longer need the manifestations of power experienced by the disciples.
- 79. The enemies of Jesus had greater power than He did because they were able to kill Him.
- 80. According to the Bible, there are various levels of faith.
- 81. There is nothing you can do to increase spiritual power.
- 82. There is no relationship between faith and works.
- 83. Your spiritual power is delegated.
- 84. Jesus' name is necessary for salvation.

85. When you pray for healing for sicknesses, it should be in the name of Jesus.
86. You are to give thanks in everything.
87. The Holy Spirit was given in the name of Jesus.
88. Protection in the name of Jesus means you will never have to suffer for Him.
89. You can reign in this life in the name of Jesus.
90. You can ask for anything...no restrictions...in the name of Jesus, and you will receive it!
91. Your own words have no effect on your spiritual power.
92. You must be under authority in order to exercise authority.
93. When you rebel against authorities, you are really rebelling against God.
94. Resurrection power can only be experienced by the believer in the future when he is raised from the dead.
95. Satan has his own church, doctrine, and ministers.
96. Satan does not have supernatural power.
97. If you claim the name of Jesus you will never suffer.
98. When you are really anointed by God's power you will be loved by everyone.
99. I completed reading the text for this course.
100. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Biblical Management Principles

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer.

1. Scripturally, the concept of management:
 - A. Means stewardship
 - B. Is not discussed
 - C. Is just like that of the world
 - D. Is not important
2. Believers are managers of:
 - A. The Gospel
 - B. Spiritual gifts
 - C. Finances
 - D. All of these
3. The main requirement for stewards is that they are:
 - A. Educated
 - B. Faithful
 - C. Wealthy
 - D. Talented
4. The greatest example of leadership is:
 - A. Jesus Christ
 - B. Peter
 - C. Paul
 - D. David
5. The "management of ministry" includes leading like:
 - A. A servant
 - B. A shepherd
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these

6. Good management is important because:
 - A. It provides purpose and direction
 - B. It eliminates confusion
 - C. It permits proper decision
 - D. All of these
7. Which of the following are Biblical leadership offices?
 - A. Elders
 - B. Deacons
 - C. Bishops
 - D. All of these
8. To "anoint" means:
 - A. To dedicate or consecrate by applying oil
 - B. To bathe
 - C. To put on perfume
 - D. All of these
9. Oil is symbolic of:
 - A. Death
 - B. The Holy Spirit
 - C. Creation
 - D. Resurrection
10. The source of anointing for ministry is:
 - A. God
 - B. Your denomination
 - C. The seminary where you study
 - D. Learning from others
11. The anointing:
 - A. Enables you to lead properly
 - B. Breaks the yoke of bondage
 - C. Establishes your position in God
 - D. All of these
12. God anoints on the basis of:
 - A. Education
 - B. Experience
 - C. Intelligence
 - D. Heart attitude

13. Ungodly forces oppose those anointed of God because:
- A. They know anointed ministry accomplishes God's purposes
 - B. They are supposed to
 - C. They have no choice
 - D. They have nothing better to do
14. It is important to minister only in the position for which you are anointed by God because:
- A. Your denomination will not approve otherwise
 - B. You will be ineffective if you are not ministering under God's anointing
 - C. People will not like you if you minister in any other position
 - D. All of these
15. You can you maintain the fresh anointing of God in your life and ministry by:
- A. Attending seminary
 - B. Being ordained
 - C. Walking continually in the anointing
 - D. Joining the Church
16. As used in this course, spiritual "qualifications" means:
- A. Natural abilities
 - B. Character and conduct
 - C. Education
 - D. All of these
17. The fruit of evangelism is:
- A. Fruit of the Holy Spirit
 - B. Being a powerful witness of the Gospel
 - C. Reading the Bible
 - D. Praying faithfully
18. The fruit of Christ-like qualities is:
- A. Fruit of the Holy Spirit
 - B. Being a powerful witness of the Gospel
 - C. Reading the Bible
 - D. Praying faithfully
19. The two main Bible references which give specific qualifications for leaders in the Church are:
- A. Revelation 1 and Matthew 3
 - B. Jude 3 and II Peter 3
 - C. I Timothy 3 and Titus 1
 - D. Mark 1 and 4

20. A basic qualification for all Christian leaders is that they are:
- A. Born again
 - B. Spiritually mature
 - C. Have a true call to leadership
 - D. All of these
21. The one leadership style that is uniquely Christian is:
- A. Dominant
 - B. Liberal
 - C. Servant
 - D. Conservative
22. The greatest example of servant leadership is:
- A. Paul
 - B. Jesus Christ
 - C. Moses
 - D. Ezra
23. As Christian leaders we should serve:
- A. The Lord
 - B. The unsaved
 - C. The saved
 - D. All of these
24. The Good Shepherd is:
- A. Jesus Christ
 - B. The Pope
 - C. All true believers
 - D. The Catholic church
25. The one true sheepfold consists of:
- A. Jesus Christ
 - B. The Pope
 - C. All true believers
 - D. The Catholic church
26. The responsibilities of the shepherd include:
- A. Leading
 - B. Protecting
 - C. Feeding
 - D. All of these

27. Shepherds are warned not to:
- A. Rule with cruelty
 - B. Rob the sheep
 - C. Scatter the sheep
 - D. All of these
28. The priority task of leaders is:
- A. Gaining more education
 - B. Building a good organization
 - C. Equipping believers for the work of the ministry
 - D. Setting a firm budget
29. "Perfecting" means:
- A. To prepare or equip
 - B. Being detailed
 - C. Aging properly
 - D. Building a good organization
30. The results of "perfecting" people for the work of the ministry include:
- A. People reaching spiritual maturity
 - B. Unity
 - C. The ministry being accomplished
 - D. All of these
31. A major responsibility of leaders who perfect believers for the work of the ministry is:
- A. Setting the proper example
 - B. Covering up their own mistakes
 - C. Teaching leaders to do as they say, not as they do
 - D. All of these
32. The Biblical method of decision-making is:
- A. Voting
 - B. Majority rule
 - C. Leaders God has set in the Church
 - D. Leaders men elect
33. A model for decision-making is:
- A. Not really important
 - B. Not Scriptural
 - C. An example to follow
 - D. Confusion

34. The purpose of a model is:
- A. To provide an example to follow
 - B. To suggest ideas
 - C. Neither of these
 - D. Both of these
35. You can prevent conflict by:
- A. Raising up mature believers
 - B. Operating on Biblical principles
 - C. Admitting and correcting your mistakes
 - D. All of these
36. You should exercise Biblical discipline because:
- A. It is Scriptural
 - B. It works
 - C. It restores people to right relationship with God
 - D. All of these
37. The true reason for conflict is:
- A. Spiritually immature believers
 - B. Carnal Christians
 - C. Believers motivated by the flesh
 - D. All of these
38. God's Word is important in discipline because:
- A. It is effective for discipline
 - B. It is effective for instruction
 - C. It is effective for reproof
 - D. All of these
39. Training others is an important responsibility because:
- A. You can become famous
 - B. Those you train will be like you
 - C. More people means more money
 - D. You can build a big ministry
40. The main purpose of training leaders and followers is:
- A. For spreading the Gospel
 - B. To have a large church
 - C. To help denominations grow
 - D. All of these

41. A New Testament example of a model of leadership training is:
- A. Paul at Ephesus
 - B. Philip in Samaria
 - C. Peter on the rooftop
 - D. All of these
42. A Biblical example of someone who triumphed over their failure:
- A. King David
 - B. King Saul
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
43. A Biblical example of someone who failed to triumph over failure:
- A. King David
 - B. King Saul
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
44. A basic cause of failure is:
- A. Failure in relationship
 - B. Sins of omission
 - C. Sins of commission
 - D. All of these
45. True success is:
- A. Only possible through education
 - B. Measured by wealth
 - C. Impossible to achieve
 - D. The maximum use of gifts and abilities for God
46. The true test of spiritual leadership is:
- A. What happens when you are no longer present with your disciples
 - B. The number of disciples you have
 - C. How many are saved in your ministry
 - D. Whether or not your denomination ordains you
47. Secular leadership style is one:
- A. Of dominion
 - B. Of authority
 - C. Like "lords"
 - D. All of these

48. When you are selecting disciples you should:

- A. Makes the costs clear
- B. Pray and depend on God
- C. Look at potential, not problems
- D. All of these

Matching: Match the principles of selection discussed in the study of Jesus and His disciples.

- A. Association B. Consecration C. Vision D. Instruction

- 49. Calling for absolute obedience to God and His Word.
- 50. Sharing life intimately with your followers.
- 51. Communicating a task greater than the routine of every day living.
- 52. Teaching.

Matching: Match the principles of selection discussed in the study of Jesus and His disciples.

- A. Demonstration B. Participation C. Supervision D. Delegation

- 53. Doing, not just listening.
- 54. Showing, not just telling.
- 55. Giving your disciples a task of their own to do.
- 56. Making sure the work of the ministry is done correctly.

Matching: Match the type of anointing with the proper meaning.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| 57. The leper's anointing. | A. Holiness |
| 58. The priest's anointing. | B. Relationship |
| 59. The leader's anointing. | C. Position and power |

Matching: Look at the list of positions in List One, then select the best definition in List Two.

List One

- 60. Teacher
- 61. Leadership
- 62. Administration

List Two

- A. Communicates God's Word in such a way that others will learn and apply what is taught; also a leadership position.
- B. Motivates people to achieve goals.
- C. Similar to the pilot of a ship; provides direction

Matching: Look at the list of positions in List One, then select the best definition in List Two.

List One	List Two
63. Prophet	A. Sent with authority to act for another to develop new churches and oversee them.
64. Apostle	B. Speaks under special inspiration to communicate an immediate message of God to His people; also a leadership position.
65. Pastor	C. Shares the Gospel with unbelievers in a way that they respond and become responsible members of the Body of Christ.
66. Evangelist	D. Assumes long-term leadership for the spiritual welfare of believers; word means "shepherd".

Matching: Look at the fruit of the Holy Spirit in List One, then select the best definition in List Two.

List One	List Two
67. Temperance	A. Self-control
68. Longsuffering	B. Gladness, delight
69. Peace	C. Quiet, calm, harmony
70. Joy	D. Patient endurance

Matching: Look at the fruit of the Holy Spirit in List One, then select the best definition in List Two.

List One	List Two
71. Goodness	A. Mild manner, not severe
72. Gentleness	B. Righteous acts
73. Faith	C. Strong confidence in God
74. Meekness	D. Controlled strength

True Or False? Are the following statements true or false?

- 75. Good management is a ministry.
- 76. Leadership involves position, but not function.
- 77. Those with spiritual gifts like evangelism, teaching, and leadership, should work independently of each other to avoid conflict.
- 78. The fruit of the Holy Spirit is not required for leadership.
- 79. A good sense of humor is important in leadership.
- 80. The first step in problem solving is to identify the problem.
- 81. You cannot disagree without conflict.
- 82. It is not what you know but who you know that really makes you successful.
- 83. If you fail one time as a leader, you might as well give up and not try again.
- 84. I completed reading the text for this course.
- 85. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Environmental Analysis

FINAL EXAMINATION

Match the description with the proper word:

A. The physical environment
C. The cultural environment

B. The social environment
D. The spiritual environment

1. This refers to the people who live in any physical environment.
2. This refers to the accepted patterns of life and behavior within a group of people
3. This refers to things affecting the spirit of man.
4. This includes the visible material things which surround you.

Match the description with the proper word:

A. A nation B. A region C. An area D. A people group

5. This is made up of several nations in a specific part of the world.
6. This is a specific geographic area within a nation.
7. This is all the land and people joined together by political boundaries living under similar government.
8. Those who speak the same language and share the same culture.

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer:

9. The original environment of man on the earth was:

A. Stressful
B. Sinful
C. Perfect
D. Flawed
10. As discussed in this course, the "environment" is:

A. The physical, social, cultural and spiritual factors which surround a person
B. A political issue
C. Not clearly defined
D. Not relevant to ministry
11. The present world environment is:

A. Getting better and better
B. Perfect
C. Evil
D. None of these

12. The change from the first environment to the present environment of the world was caused by:
- A. God
 - B. War
 - C. Sin
 - D. Angels
13. The present environment affects man spiritually through:
- A. The world
 - B. The flesh
 - C. The devil
 - D. All of these
14. As discussed in this course, "environmental analysis" is:
- A. Not really scriptural
 - B. A study of the environment and how to preserve it
 - C. The detailed study of an environment for purposes of ministry
 - D. None of these
15. To gather information for an analysis you should:
- A. Pray
 - B. Study written materials
 - C. Interview and observe
 - D. All of these
16. Environmental analysis is important because:
- A. It relates the Gospel to the environment
 - B. It affects every person
 - C. It identifies spiritually fertile ground
 - D. All of these
17. Personal environmental analysis is important because:
- A. It helps evaluate your spiritual condition
 - B. It identifies your weaknesses
 - C. It identifies your strengths
 - D. All of these
18. Environmental analysis tells us:
- A. What people are like
 - B. Who should reach them
 - C. How they should be reached
 - D. All of these

19. The main purpose for doing an environmental analysis is:
- A. So you will have facts on hand
 - B. To develop good research skills
 - C. To enable you to better reach people with the Gospel
 - D. None of these
20. A statement of purpose is:
- A. A written statement of doctrine
 - B. Goals
 - C. A statement as to why an organization exists
 - D. Not important to ministry
21. Objectives are:
- A. A written statement of doctrine
 - B. Not really important in ministry
 - C. Goals
 - D. The same as a statement of purpose
22. Jesus used the following natural examples to illustrate how a believer is to affect his environment:
- A. As light and salt
 - B. As religious and political leaders
 - C. As birds and lilies of the field
 - D. All of these
23. A good strategy for planning includes:
- A. Preparation and planning
 - B. Perfecting and proceeding
 - C. Determining your purpose
 - D. All of these

True Or False? Are the following statements true or false?

24. All men are affected by the environment in which they live.
25. God's plan for saving men from this sinful environment is through education and religion.
26. God's plan for saving men from this sinful environment is through Jesus Christ.
27. The environment does not really relate to the mission of the Church.
28. You should listen carefully to negative reports regarding an environment and base your decision upon them.
29. You should not analyze an environment with natural reasoning only.
30. You should focus on "if" it is God's will to reach an environment with the Gospel, not "how" to do it.
31. There is a Biblical basis for environmental analysis in the Old Testament.
32. There is no Biblical basis for environmental analysis in the New Testament.

33. Personal environmental analysis is not important.
34. Personal environmental analysis can help you identify your spiritual gifts.
35. Doing the environmental analysis is the most important. Applying what you learn is not really important.
36. You cannot really apply environmental analysis to a Christian organization.
37. I completed reading the text for this course.
38. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.
39. I did a personal analysis as part of this course.

Management By Objectives

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer.

1. Management by objectives is:
 - A. The same as a statement of purpose
 - B. Not Scriptural
 - C. A plan for stewardship of ministry
 - D. None of the above
2. Management by objectives is important because:
 - A. It explains what you believe
 - B. It helps you accomplish spiritual purpose
 - C. It keeps you busy
 - D. None of these
3. Sometimes people do not plan because of:
 - A. Lack of knowledge
 - B. Lack of purpose
 - C. Belief it is not Scriptural
 - D. All of these
4. God's divine purpose is:
 - A. Not really known by man
 - B. That all people be brought into right relationship with Him
 - C. Not revealed in the Bible
 - D. Difficult to understand
5. Understanding God's purpose and plan is:
 - A. Really not important
 - B. Not possible
 - C. Important to bring your life in harmony with God's plan
 - D. Important to understand, but really doesn't affect your life
6. God works to accomplish His purpose and plans through:
 - A. Individuals
 - B. Nations
 - C. The Church
 - D. All of these

7. A statement of purpose tells:
- A. What you believe
 - B. Why you believe
 - C. The history of your ministry
 - D. None of these
8. These are objectives you accomplish in the future.
- A. Long range objectives
 - B. Short range objectives
 - C. Group objectives
 - D. Individual objectives
9. These are objectives you will accomplish right away.
- A. Long range objectives
 - B. Short range objectives
 - C. Group objectives
 - D. Individual objectives
10. Evaluation may be used to:
- A. Revise and improve plans
 - B. Make new plans
 - C. Learn from successes and mistakes
 - D. All of these
11. Plans fail because of:
- A. Lack of vision
 - B. Lack of training.
 - C. Lack of prayer
 - D. These and many other reasons
12. As defined in this course, the word objective means:
- A. A part of speech
 - B. A goal
 - C. Being open minded
 - D. Your doctrine
13. An objective may be defined as:
- A. An aim
 - B. A goal
 - C. An intent to be reached
 - D. All of these

14. Objectives are important because:
 - A. They help you achieve God's purpose
 - B. They give you something to do for your life
 - C. Everyone else sets objectives
 - D. This course said so
15. In management by objectives, a procedure is:
 - A. A doctrinal statement
 - B. A law
 - C. Steps you take to implement a plan
 - D. Not necessary
16. When you evaluate something you:
 - A. Examine it carefully
 - B. Determine its value
 - C. See if your purpose was accomplished
 - D. All of these are correct
17. Each objective should:
 - A. Be clear and definite
 - B. State just one goal
 - C. Be measurable
 - D. All of these

Matching: Match the description with the proper word.

- | | | | |
|--------------|------------------|---------------|-------------|
| A. Selecting | B. Communicating | C. Delegating | D. Training |
|--------------|------------------|---------------|-------------|
18. This involves choosing faithful men for the work of the ministry.
 19. Giving information to others about a plan.
 20. This is how you prepare people to accomplish a plan.
 21. Assigning responsibilities for the work to be done.

Matching: Match the description with the proper word.

- | | | | |
|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|
| A. Organizing | B. Scheduling | C. Budgeting | D. Decision making |
|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|
22. This involves making choices.
 23. This is the outward evidence of a shared purpose.
 24. This is the process of allocating material resources to accomplish the plan.
 25. This involves dates, daily, weekly, monthly, and annual details.

Matching: Match the description with the proper word.

A. Reviewing B. Evaluating C. Planning

- 26. This is the process of setting objectives.
- 27. This should be done to see if things are proceeding on schedule.
- 28. This involves examination to see if a plan has achieved its purpose.

True Or False? Are the following statements true or false?

- 29. Jesus did not really know His purpose in God's plan.
- 30. Planning does not make you accountable.
- 31. Planning wastes your spiritual resources.
- 32. Proper management can never bring your will in harmony with God's will.
- 33. There is no difference between a statement of purpose and objectives.
- 34. There is no difference between a statement of purpose and a doctrinal statement.
- 35. There is a difference between long range and short range objectives.
- 36. Objectives are good for individual planning but they really cannot be used for group planning.
- 37. A statement of purpose identifies your religious beliefs.
- 38. Objectives tell what you are going to do, how you will do it, and by when.
- 39. It is really not possible to evaluate objectives to see if they were accomplished.
- 40. A doctrinal statement states what you believe doctrinally.
- 41. People usually enjoy change, so you hardly ever have difficulty instituting new plans and objectives.
- 42. Purpose is basically spiritual vision.
- 43. A statement of purpose provides direction.
- 44. A statement of purpose does not permit good planning.
- 45. A statement of purpose does not promote a Biblical world view.
- 46. Planning and setting objectives causes a lot of confusion.
- 47. Objectives are like statements of faith.
- 48. A written doctrinal statement is not really that important to your ministry.
- 49. It is not really important to evaluate your objectives. The main thing is to keep busy.
- 50. The parables about new wine in old wineskins and new cloth on old garments reveals that it is sometimes impossible for existing traditional religious structures of men to accept new plans and revelations.
- 51. People in the Bible made plans for ministry.
- 52. You should never revise an objective.
- 53. You should never change the completion date for an objective.
- 54. I wrote a statement of purpose as part of this course.
- 55. I prepared a doctrinal statement for my ministry as part of this course.
- 56. I have set some short-range objectives for ministry.
- 57. I have set some long-range objectives for ministry.
- 58. I completed reading the text for this course.
- 59. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Mobilization Methodologies

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer.

1. "Manipulation" means:
 - A. To put in a state of readiness
 - B. To motivate by guilt, pressure, force, or control
 - C. A system of activating a plan
 - D. To be inactive
2. To "mobilize" means:
 - A. To put in a state of readiness
 - B. To motivate by guilt, pressure, force, or control
 - C. A system of activating a plan
 - D. To be inactive
3. Mobilization means:
 - A. To put in a state of readiness
 - B. To motivate by guilt, pressure, force, or control
 - C. A system of activating a plan
 - D. To be inactive
4. A passive person is:
 - A. Responsive
 - B. Unresponsive
 - C. Active
 - D. None of these
5. A mobilized person is:
 - A. Responsive
 - B. Unresponsive
 - C. Inactive
 - D. None of these
6. A Biblical command for mobilization of believers is:
 - A. John 3:16
 - B. Matthew 28:19-20
 - C. Genesis 3:15
 - D. I John 1:8-9

7. An Old Testament example of mobilization is:
- A. The 10 commandments
 - B. Creation
 - C. Building the tabernacle
 - D. Judgment on Jerusalem
8. Mobilization is:
- A. Not really scriptural
 - B. The same as manipulation
 - C. Not necessary
 - D. None of these
9. Outward mobilization is the result of inward:
- A. Motivation
 - B. Depression
 - C. Passivity
 - D. Manipulation
10. The "fire of God" refers to:
- A. Fire of the Pentecostal experience
 - B. Light
 - C. The fiery furnace in the book of Daniel
 - D. The sun
11. A purpose of the fire of God is:
- A. Guidance
 - B. Separation
 - C. Cleansing
 - D. All of these
12. To maintain the fire of God in your life you must:
- A. Continuously fuel it
 - B. Let the fire refine you
 - C. Be born again
 - D. All of these
13. As used in this course, "glory" means:
- A. The divine essence of God
 - B. Beauty, majesty, power
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these

14. The source of glory is:
- A. Man
 - B. The government
 - C. God
 - D. The Church
15. God's glory is:
- A. Eternal
 - B. Temporary
 - C. Temporal
 - D. All of these
16. God reveals His glory in:
- A. Creation
 - B. Jesus
 - C. Salvation
 - D. All of these
17. One purpose of God's glory is:
- A. Provision
 - B. Strength
 - C. Guidance
 - D. All of these
18. According to the Bible you can glorify God by:
- A. Praise and worship
 - B. Getting ordained
 - C. Joining a good denomination
 - D. Gaining more education
19. The glory of God departs from His people because of:
- A. Transgression
 - B. Sin
 - C. Disobedience
 - D. All of these
20. God's glory returns when you:
- A. Repent
 - B. Go to Church
 - C. Study about it
 - D. Talk more about it

21. "Restoring the tabernacle of David" means:
- A. Actually building it again
 - B. Evangelism
 - C. Restoring it spiritually
 - D. Building up the Church
22. The restoration of the tabernacle of David is prophesied in:
- A. Genesis 3:15
 - B. Matthew 28:19-20
 - C. Psalms 1:1-3
 - D. Acts 15:16
23. The tabernacle of David will be restored when:
- A. David returns to earth
 - B. The new temple is built in Jerusalem
 - C. Conditions are similar to the time it was restored in the Bible
 - D. None of these
24. Worship is:
- A. Attributing worth to someone
 - B. Lighting a candle at church
 - C. Repeating the rosary
 - D. None of these
25. "To worship in spirit" means:
- A. Worshiping according to church rules
 - B. Meditating on a spirit guide
 - C. Worshiping with body, soul, and spirit
 - D. Worshiping in Jerusalem
26. "To worship in truth" means:
- A. Worshiping according to church rules
 - B. Worship based on God's Word
 - C. Not telling lies
 - D. Worshiping in Jerusalem
27. A positive result of worship is:
- A. The Church is edified
 - B. Believers are purified
 - C. The lost are evangelized
 - D. All of these

28. "Revival" means:
- A. A series of special meetings
 - B. The same as evangelism
 - C. Emotionalism
 - D. An awakening of God's people
29. Revival is needed when:
- A. We want church attendance to increase
 - B. Our denomination requests it
 - C. A backslidden condition is evident
 - D. All of these
30. A major obstacle to revival sometimes is:
- A. The church leadership
 - B. The congregation
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
31. God's plan for revival is explained in:
- A. II Chronicles 7:14
 - B. Matthew 28:19-20
 - C. John 3:16
 - D. Acts 15:16
32. If you are to experience revival you must:
- A. Humble yourself
 - B. Pray
 - C. Turn from your wickedness
 - D. All of these
33. An Old Testament example of a man used by God to mobilize others is:
- A. Ahab
 - B. Joshua
 - C. Jeroboam
 - D. Abel
34. According to the Bible, believers do not progress from the "milk" to the "meat" of the Word of God because:
- A. They are carnal
 - B. They do not have a good church
 - C. They do not have a good preacher
 - D. It is not Scriptural

35. A reason for Israel's defeat at Ai was:
- A. Pride
 - B. Sin
 - C. Prayerlessness
 - D. All of these
36. "Gift-based" mobilization means:
- A. Organizing on the basis of finances
 - B. Organizing on the basis of spiritual gifts
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
37. You will know if a person is properly placed in ministry when:
- A. He is fruitful
 - B. The feedback from others is positive
 - C. He is fulfilled
 - D. All of these
38. The key to using spiritual gifts is:
- A. Love
 - B. Education
 - C. Money
 - D. All of these

Matching: Match each location of the ark with the event that occurred there:

	Location	Event
39.	Ebenezer	A. Idols fall before the ark
40.	Aphek	B. The ark is plundered
41.	Ashdod	C. Judgment on the Philistines
42.	Gath	D. The ark is lost

Matching: Match each location of the ark with the event that occurred there:

	Location	Event
43.	Ekron	A. Death
44.	Beth-shemesh	B. The ark comes "home"
45.	Kirjath-Jearim	C. Men looked inside the ark
46.	Jerusalem	D. The ark stayed here 20 years

True Or False? Are the following statements true or false?

- 47. There is no difference between mobilization and manipulation.
- 48. There is no relationship between mobilization and evangelism.
- 49. You must do good works to receive glory from God. It is not a gift.
- 50. There is no relationship between the fire of God, glory, and worship.
- 51. You cannot really prepare for revival. It is a sovereign act of God.
- 52. Mobilization is not really scriptural.
- 53. Always depend on natural reasoning when going into spiritual battle.
- 54. It is impossible to turn spiritual defeat into victory.
- 55. Manipulation is not Scriptural.
- 56. I completed reading the text for this course.
- 57. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Leaven-Like Evangelism

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer:

1. Evangelism is:
 - A. A series of meetings
 - B. Proclaiming good news
 - C. The same as revival
 - D. The same as social programs
2. "The lost" means:
 - A. All people who have not repented from sin
 - B. The unsaved
 - C. Those who have not experienced the new birth
 - D. All of these
3. "The destiny of the lost" is:
 - A. Unknown
 - B. Purgatory
 - C. Hell
 - D. Heaven
4. Evangelism involves:
 - A. Proclamation
 - B. Persuasion
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
5. In order to fulfill the mandate of evangelism it is necessary to:
 - A. Give it extra time when possible
 - B. Attend Bible college
 - C. Give it first priority
 - D. Be ordained as a minister
6. The "Gospel of the Kingdom" is:
 - A. All that pertains to Jesus
 - B. The ministry, death, and resurrection of Jesus Christ
 - C. John 3:16
 - D. All of these

7. Concerning spiritual harvest Jesus said:
 - A. It is ripe now
 - B. Laborers are few
 - C. Do not delay
 - D. All of these
8. The basic elements of the Gospel are listed in:
 - A. I Corinthians 15:1-4
 - B. Galatians 6:1-3
 - C. Romans 1:3-6
 - D. I Corinthians 13:1-6
9. According to the Scriptures, your role in evangelism is:
 - A. To be a messenger of the Gospel
 - B. Not necessary
 - C. To gain new members of your Church
 - D. Not clearly defined
10. The word "witness" means to testify of something you have:
 - A. Seen
 - B. Heard
 - C. Experienced
 - D. All of these
11. The word "laity" means:
 - A. Professional ministers
 - B. All the people of God
 - C. Church members only
 - D. Denominational leaders
12. The term "clergy" means:
 - A. Professional ministers
 - B. All the people of God
 - C. Church members only
 - D. None of these
13. The "calling of the laity" means:
 - A. Only the laity are to share the Gospel
 - B. Ministers are the only ones called to share the Gospel
 - C. Every believer is to be a witness
 - D. None of these

14. What Scripture reference provides a pattern for communicating the Gospel to people of other cultures?
- A. Acts 26:18
 - B. Galatians 6:1-3
 - C. John 3:16
 - D. I Corinthians 15:1-4
15. God's process for multiplying believers is:
- A. Acts 26:18
 - B. II Timothy 2:2
 - C. John 3:16
 - D. I Corinthians 15:1-4
16. A New Testament man who was a good example of spiritual multiplication was:
- A. Nicodemus
 - B. Thomas
 - C. Paul
 - D. Lazarus
17. The priority for evangelizing is:
- A. Existing social networks
 - B. Receptive areas
 - C. Unreached people
 - D. All of these
18. A parable is:
- A. A natural example of a spiritual truth
 - B. A good illustration but with no spiritual significance
 - C. A lie
 - D. Never really possible to understand
19. Jesus used parables to teach His followers because:
- A. His audience was not educated
 - B. He did not approve of other teaching methods
 - C. Those with spiritual minds could understand what He said
 - D. Those with unspiritual minds could understand what He said
20. "Personal evangelism" means:
- A. One-on-one witnessing
 - B. Teaching the Gospel on an individual basis
 - C. Sharing personally with others
 - D. All of these

21. Personal evangelism can be done by:
- A. Silent witness
 - B. Verbal witness
 - C. Gospel tracts
 - D. All of these
22. People make excuses in evangelism encounters because:
- A. They have heard someone else make the same excuse
 - B. Satanic thoughts are inserted in their minds
 - C. They have legitimate questions
 - D. All of these
23. "Saturation" means:
- A. To fill partially
 - B. To fill completely
 - C. To empty
 - D. None of these
24. The word "convert" means:
- A. A new believer
 - B. A disciple
 - C. An unbeliever
 - D. A good prospect
25. In New Testament evangelism priorities were:
- A. Rural areas first then cities
 - B. Rural areas only
 - C. Cities first then rural areas
 - D. Cities only
26. The word "disciple" means:
- A. A new believer
 - B. A learner, pupil
 - C. An unbeliever
 - D. The same as convert
27. The true test of discipleship is:
- A. What happens when you are no longer present with your disciples
 - B. What happens while you are present with your disciples
 - C. Not valid
 - D. Actually unknown

28. Planning helps you:
- A. Make good decisions
 - B. Be accountable
 - C. Establish ministry priorities
 - D. All of these
29. "Networking" means:
- A. Individual effort
 - B. Factionalism
 - C. Denominational effort
 - D. Team effort
30. Networking results in:
- A. Unity
 - B. Disharmony
 - C. Division
 - D. Factions
31. The original source of sickness is:
- A. God
 - B. Germs
 - C. Satan
 - D. Man
32. God views sickness as:
- A. Bondage
 - B. Oppression
 - C. Captivity
 - D. All of these
33. Although all legitimate healing comes from God, "divine healing" may be defined as:
- A. Healing by medicine
 - B. Healing by God
 - C. Physic healing
 - D. Natural healing
34. The end result of sickness may be:
- A. Death
 - B. Healing for the glory of God
 - C. Neither of these
 - D. Either of these

35. A purpose of divine healing is to:
- A. Verify the messenger and message
 - B. Glorify God
 - C. Demonstrate the character of God
 - D. All of these
36. According to the Bible, deliverance should be done only by:
- A. Apostles and prophets
 - B. Evangelists and teachers
 - C. True believers
 - D. Ordained ministers
37. "Demon possession" is:
- A. Compulsive thinking about demons
 - B. Caused by depression and discouragement
 - C. Demons controlling body, soul, spirit
 - D. Not Scriptural
38. Divine healing is taught:
- A. In the Old Testament
 - B. In the New Testament
 - C. In neither testaments
 - D. In both testaments
39. "Demon obsession" is:
- A. Compulsive thinking about demons
 - B. Caused by depression and discouragement
 - C. Total control of body, soul, spirit
 - D. Not Scriptural
40. A characteristic of a demon obsessed person is:
- A. Incapacity for normal living
 - B. Preoccupied with demons
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
41. Demons gain control:
- A. Through the mind
 - B. By sinful actions
 - C. By permission
 - D. All of these

42. A characteristic of a demon possessed person is:
- A. Fits of rage
 - B. Uncontrollable behavior
 - C. Speaking with the voice of another
 - D. All of these
43. The word "Church" means:
- A. The Protestant church
 - B. Various denominations
 - C. The Catholic church
 - D. The ones called out
44. The true head of the Church is:
- A. Jesus Christ
 - B. Your pastor
 - C. All true believers
 - D. The pope
45. The body of the Church is:
- A. Jesus Christ
 - B. Your pastor
 - C. All true believers
 - D. The pope
46. Leadership in the Church is:
- A. Set by God
 - B. Chosen by man
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
47. The mission of the Church is:
- A. Evangelism
 - B. Edification
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
48. An excellent model of a New Testament Church was at:
- A. Thessalonica
 - B. Corinth
 - C. Ephesus
 - D. All of these

49. A ministry priority of the Apostle Paul was:
- A. Unreached peoples
 - B. Reached peoples
 - C. Synagogues
 - D. Jerusalem
50. An evidence of internal growth in a church is:
- A. Spiritual growth
 - B. Its size
 - C. Its facilities
 - D. Its programs
51. When a church experiences true expansion growth it:
- A. Gains members from another church
 - B. Wins new converts to Jesus Christ
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
52. Extension growth occurs when:
- A. There is a church split
 - B. An existing church starts a new church
 - C. New members come from another existing church
 - D. All of these
53. "Bridging growth" of the church occurs when:
- A. A church plants another in a different culture
 - B. A church plants a new church in their own culture
 - C. An existing church splits
 - D. None of these

Matching: Match each parable to the evangelism principle it teaches:

Parable	Principle
54. The Empty Banquet Table	A. Reveals God's concern for the lost
55. The Barren Fig Tree	B. Just because some refuse the invitation do not
56. The Lost Sheep, Coin, And Son	C. Emphasizes wise stewardship of the Gospel
57. The Servant Parables	D. God is not pleased with this

Matching: Match each parable to the evangelism principle it teaches:

Parable	Principle
58. The Sower	A. The enemy sows these in the wheat
59. The Tares	B. There is no multiplication without the Word of God
60. The Fishing Net	C. Small in the beginning, large in the end
61. The Mustard Seed	D. Some who respond are sincere, others are not

Matching: How would you deal with the following common difficulties that arise in personal evangelism? Match the correct response with each difficulty:

Difficulty	Responses
62. "I not good enough".	A. Ezekiel 36:26-27
63. "The Christian life is too hard".	B. God requires faith, not moral fitness
64. "I cannot give up my evil ways".	C. Philippians 4:13
65. "My heart is too hard".	D. The way of transgressors is hard

Matching: How would you deal with the following common difficulties that arise in personal evangelism? Match the correct response with each difficulty:

Difficulty	Responses
66. "I will have lots of company in Hell".	A. I John 1:7
67. "I do not understand the Bible".	B. Revelation 22:15
68. "There are too many contradictions in the Bible".	C. I Corinthians 2:14
69. "I am good enough already".	D. Show me one

Matching: How would you deal with the following common difficulties that arise in personal evangelism? Match the correct response with each difficulty:

Difficulty	Responses
70. "My husband is standing in my way".	A. Agree with him
71. "There are hypocrites in the church".	B. Matthew 10:37
72. "I am of another faith".	C. Luke 23:43
73. "It is too late for me".	D. Salvation is in Jesus, not in church membership

Matching: How would you deal with the following common difficulties that arise in personal evangelism? Match the correct response with each difficulty:

Difficulty	Responses
74. "I would rather not accept Christ now".	A. II Corinthians 12:9-10
75. "My problems are too difficult".	B. Today is the day of salvation
76. "I have been seeking, but cannot find".	C. Romans 2:4-5
77. "God is too good to punish me".	D. Jeremiah 29:13

Matching: How would you deal with the following common difficulties that arise in personal evangelism? Match the correct response with each difficulty:

Difficulty	Responses
78. "I cannot forgive someone".	A. Romans 8:37
79. "It is not possible because of my business".	B. Mark 11:25
80. "I tried once and failed".	C. John 1:12
81. "I do not have assurance".	D. Mark 8:36

Matching: Match the type of sinner in List One with the correction definition in List Two:

List One	List Two
82. The rational sinner	A. Trusts his denomination for salvation
83. The reformed sinner	B. Believes he is as good as anyone else
84. The religious sinner	C. More concerned about his problems than salvation
85. The rejected sinner	D. Appears to be very intellectual

True Or False? Are the following statements true or false?

- 86. Planning is not really Biblical.
- 87. The Church is a good example of networking.
- 88. There is no real value of the gift of discernment when it comes to dealing with demons.
- 89. The message of the Gospel is not really universal.
- 90. It is necessary to follow-up a new convert.
- 91. It is important to give follow-up care to those who are healed.
- 92. It is not necessary to give follow-up care to those who are not healed.
- 93. Divine healing is sometimes affected by the traditions of man.
- 94. The Gospel should not be presented with the demonstration of power because it is distracting.
- 95. Every believer is to do the work of an evangelist.
- 96. Every believer has the gift of evangelism.
- 97. The need for repentance is universal because sin is universal.
- 98. Healing and deliverance were part of New Testament evangelistic outreaches.
- 99. I completed reading the text for this course.
- 100. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Women: A Biblical Profile

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer.

1. The main Biblical reference describing the creation of woman is:
 - A. Genesis 2
 - B. Matthew 1
 - C. Mark 1
 - D. Exodus 1
2. Man and woman were to:
 - A. Multiply and be fruitful
 - B. Subdue the earth
 - C. Have dominion over all living things
 - D. All of these
3. The relationship between women and God is:
 - A. Physical only, as they are made in His image
 - B. Not only physical, but also spiritual
 - C. Not possible due to sin
 - D. All of these
4. An important relationship that should exist between man and woman is:
 - A. Love and commitment
 - B. Helpfulness
 - C. Companionship
 - D. All of these
5. The word "help meet" as it is used of woman in relationship to man in Genesis 2:
 - A. Means woman is like a servant to man.
 - B. Is not Scriptural
 - C. Means the same as God being a help-meet to His people
 - D. Is not really significant
6. Which Bible reference is the first promise of a Savior given in Scripture?
 - A. John 3:16
 - B. I John 1:8-9
 - C. Genesis 3:15
 - D. Romans 3:23

7. The word "proverbs" means:
- A. Foreign, alien, adulterous
 - B. Woman of God
 - C. A brief saying instead of many words
 - D. None of these
8. The word "strange" as it is used in the book of Proverbs means:
- A. Foreign, alien, adulterous
 - B. Woman of God
 - C. A brief saying instead of many words
 - D. None of these
9. The word "virtuous" as it is used in the book of Proverbs means:
- A. Foreign, alien, adulterous
 - B. Woman of God
 - C. A brief saying instead of many words
 - D. None of these
10. The purpose of the book of Ruth is to:
- A. Document the genealogy of Christ
 - B. Show the relationship between Christ and the Church
 - C. Demonstrate God's concern for all people
 - D. All of these
11. The events of the book of Ruth occurred during the:
- A. Exodus
 - B. Time of the judges
 - C. Time of Christ's ministry
 - D. Tribulation
12. The events in the book of Ruth happened in:
- A. Jerusalem and Samaria
 - B. Syria and Damascus
 - C. Bethlehem and Moab
 - D. Assyria and Babylonia
13. The book of Ruth was written by:
- A. Unknown author
 - B. Ruth
 - C. Samuel
 - D. Nehemiah

14. The purpose of the book of Esther is:
- A. To show God's concern for His people
 - B. Unknown
 - C. Not revealed
 - D. To share the Gospel
15. The book of Esther was written by:
- A. Unknown author
 - B. Ruth
 - C. Samuel
 - D. Nehemiah
16. The story of Esther occurred in:
- A. Shushan palace
 - B. Jordan palace
 - C. Egyptian palace
 - D. Jerusalem palace
17. Your relationship with Jesus is based on _____
- A. Predestination
 - B. Heredity
 - C. Doing the will of God
 - D. Chance
18. According to the record in the book of Acts, women were:
- A. Prophetesses
 - B. Active Church members
 - C. Intercessors
 - D. All of these
19. The first women's group recorded in the Bible was led by:
- A. Miriam
 - B. Esther
 - C. Ruth
 - D. Mary
20. It is important to have a statement of purpose because:
- A. It provides direction
 - B. It permits evaluation
 - C. It helps you accomplish goals
 - D. All of these

21. A result of the fall of woman into sin was:

- A. Fear and shame
- B. Separation from God
- C. Knowledge of good and evil
- D. All of these

22. The purpose of the Holy Spirit is to:

- A. Perfect the saints
- B. Promote the work of the ministry
- C. Edify Christ and the Church
- D. All of these

23. An objective of spiritual gifts:

- A. Develop in the knowledge of Christ
- B. Be perfected
- C. Become stable and mature
- D. All of these

Matching: Match the names in List One to the descriptions in List Two.

List One

List Two

- | | |
|------------|---|
| 24. Phoebe | A. Risked her life to save Paul |
| 25. Junia | B. Carried the book of Romans from Paul to the Roman church |
| 26. Lydia | C. Had a church in her home |
| 27. Prisca | D. Fellow prisoner with Paul |

Matching: Match the names in List One with the descriptions in List Two.

List One

List Two

- | | |
|---|--|
| 28. Women with children | A. "This will be told as a memorial for her." |
| 29. Mary the Mother of Jesus | B. "Woman, what have I to do with thee?" |
| 30. Adulteress washing feet | C. "Suffer the little children to come unto me." |
| 31. Gentile woman who
wanted healing for
her daughter | D. "Great is thy faith". |

Matching: Match the names in List One with the descriptions in List Two.

List One

List Two

- | | |
|-----------------------|--|
| 32. Martha | A. "Mary has chosen the better part." |
| 33. Poor widow | B. Jesus commended her for her giving. |
| 34. Woman at the Well | C. Jesus told her He was the Messiah |

Matching: Read each character trait listed below. If it is a character trait of the strange woman, select the letter. If it describes the virtuous woman, select the letter B.

A. The strange woman

B. The virtuous woman

- 35. Insincere
- 36. Angry and hateful
- 37. Evil
- 38. Foolish
- 39. Subtle in heart
- 40. Industrious
- 41. Contentious (argumentative)
- 42. Skillful
- 43. Crown to her husband
- 44. Self-Righteous
- 45. Jewel in a pig's nose
- 46. Trustworthy
- 47. Fears God
- 48. Without discretion
- 49. Holy

Matching: Match the names in List One to the descriptions in List Two.

List One

List Two

- | | |
|-----------|---|
| 50. Boaz | A. An Israelite woman who went to Moab with her family. |
| 51. Naomi | B. Near kinsman who redeemed Ruth. |
| 52. Ruth | C. Naomi's daughter-in-law who returned to Bethlehem |
| 53. Orpha | D. Naomi's daughter-in-law who returned to Moab. |

Matching: Match the penalties for sin to the proper individual. You will use the answers more than once.

- A. A penalty on man**
- B. A penalty on woman**
- C. A penalty on the serpent**
- D. A penalty on both man and woman**

- 54. Spiritual death.
- 55. Knowledge of good and evil.
- 56. Fear and shame.
- 57. It shall bruise thy head.
- 58. Work will be hard and a "weariness".
- 59. Sorrow in childbirth.

Matching: Match the names in List One to the descriptions in List Two.

List One	List Two
60. Vashti	A. The new queen, a Hebrew woman.
61. Esther	B. The cousin of Esther who raised her.
62. Mordecai	C. Enemy of the Jewish people.
63. Haman	D. Queen who refused the king's orders and lost her position.

True Or False? Are the following statements true or false?

64. Eve misquoted God's Word when she answered Satan.
65. Adam blamed the serpent for his sin.
66. Eve blamed Adam for her sin.
67. Eve tried to minimize the penalty God warned would result from sin.
68. The cycle of temptation and sin can be broken at any point through the power of Jesus Christ.
69. Famine was used by God as a way to judge and correct Israel.
70. Naomi means "bitter".
71. Mara means "pleasant".
72. Boaz had the first right to redeem Ruth.
73. The unnamed kinsman did not redeem Ruth because he did not like her.
74. The relationship of Boaz and Ruth is a type of the redemption relationship between Jesus and believers.
75. Women were not allowed to prophesy in the early Church.
76. Women were not responsible for their sin if their mate asked them to sin.
77. Women of Bible times were not allowed to pray and receive the Holy Spirit.
78. There is no record that women were included in the prayer meetings held by the Church.
79. Women are to keep total silence in the Church.
80. Women are not to teach or preach in the Church.
81. Joel's prophesy indicated women would prophecy or speak under the anointing of the Holy Spirit.
82. The word "silence" used by Paul calls for a calm, rather than a disruptive spirit.
83. Paul presents women as the more sinful sex.
84. Adam was deceived and this is why he fell into sin.
85. There is neither male or female in Jesus Christ.
86. Paul believed it was wrong to be married.
87. Widows who take a vow to remain single for the service of the Lord should be over 60 years of age.
88. If the husband of an unbeliever wants to remain with his wife, she should not let him do so.
89. Older Christian women should teach the younger women.
90. Submission between a wife and husband is a type of the relationship between Christ and the Church.
91. Wives should always submit to their husbands, even when asked to do something morally wrong.
92. Both men and women are to submit to one another.
93. A woman must have a child in order to be "saved by childbearing".
94. Solomon had many wives who turned his heart from following God.

95. Women persecuted the early church, including Paul and Barnabas.
96. The powerful influence of women is always Satanic.
97. There is nothing Christian women can do about the spiritual condition of their nation.
98. Dedication and discipline to God does not necessarily mean you will find direction for your life.
99. I completed reading the text for this course.
100. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

Battle For The Body

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer:

1. The two divisions made in I Corinthians 15:44-49 are:
 - A. Milk and meat
 - B. Good and evil
 - C. Satan and demons
 - D. Natural and spiritual
2. The two invisible kingdoms in the world today are:
 - A. Communist and capitalist
 - B. Protestants and Catholics
 - C. Kingdoms of God and Satan
 - D. None of the above
3. The word "kingdom" means:
 - A. A state
 - B. A territory or people over whom a king reigns
 - C. A group
 - D. A political party
4. "Spiritual warfare" is:
 - A. A vain imagination
 - B. A supernatural battle
 - C. A natural battle
 - D. A social condition
5. Spiritual warfare was originally started:
 - A. In Heaven
 - B. By God
 - C. In Hell
 - D. On earth
6. The basic reason behind great spiritual conflict is:
 - A. Unknown
 - B. Man
 - C. God
 - D. Sin

7. The basic principle for understanding spiritual warfare is:
- A. Natural battles of life have spiritual causes
 - B. All problems are from God
 - C. All problems originate with man
 - D. All problems are from Satan
8. Although all legitimate healing is divine in a sense, "divine healing" may be defined as:
- A. Healing by medicine
 - B. Healing by God
 - C. Physic healing
 - D. Natural healing
9. The difference between healing and deliverance is:
- A. Healing deals more with demonically caused conditions
 - B. Healing is more important than deliverance
 - C. Deliverance deals with demonically caused conditions
 - D. Deliverance is more important than healing
10. Death and disease originally entered the world through:
- A. Creation
 - B. Sin
 - C. Demonic curses
 - D. All of these
11. The original source of sickness is:
- A. God
 - B. Germs
 - C. Satan
 - D. Man
12. God views sickness as:
- A. Bondage
 - B. Oppression
 - C. Captivity
 - D. All of these
13. A reason for sickness is:
- A. Violation of natural laws
 - B. Violation of spiritual laws
 - C. Satanic attacks
 - D. All of these

14. The destruction of the flesh in order to save the spirit is done to:
- A. Purge out evil before others are affected
 - B. Demonstrate the pastor's authority
 - C. Give sinners what they deserve
 - D. All of these
15. Spiritual sickness is:
- A. Sin
 - B. Harmful attitudes
 - C. Organic disorders
 - D. Psychological conditions
16. Physical sickness is:
- A. Sin
 - B. Harmful attitudes
 - C. Organic disorders
 - D. Psychological conditions
17. Emotional sickness is:
- A. Sin
 - B. Caused by harmful attitudes
 - C. An organic disorder
 - D. Caused by viruses
18. Mental sickness is:
- A. Sin
 - B. Mostly organic
 - C. Caused by viruses
 - D. Psychological conditions
19. A purpose of healing is to:
- A. Verify the messenger and message
 - B. Glorify God
 - C. Demonstrate the character of God
 - D. All of these
20. "Spiritual gifts" are:
- A. Natural talents
 - B. Gained by education
 - C. Supernatural abilities
 - D. Necessary for salvation

21. A spiritual gift which especially complements the gifts of healing is:
- A. The gift of faith
 - B. The gift of miracles
 - C. A word of knowledge
 - D. All of these
22. Healing is to be ministered by:
- A. All true believers
 - B. Those with the gift of healing
 - C. Pastors only
 - D. Apostles and prophets
23. Paul's thorn in the flesh was from:
- A. God
 - B. Satan
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these
24. According to the Bible, Paul's thorn in the flesh was given to:
- A. Prevent sin
 - B. Torment him
 - C. Illustrate sickness
 - D. All of these
25. Paul's thorn in the flesh:
- A. Prevented him from ministry
 - B. Was finally healed by God
 - C. Is not really Scriptural
 - D. None of these
26. A variable that affects healing is:
- A. Unbelief
 - B. Unconfessed sin
 - C. Refusal to be made whole
 - D. All of these
27. The demons that attack the body, soul, and spirit are:
- A. Seducing spirits
 - B. Unclean spirits
 - C. Spirits of infirmity
 - D. All of these

28. A characteristic of a demonically oppressed person is:
- A. Incapacity for normal living
 - B. Preoccupation with demons
 - C. Mental oppression
 - D. None of these
29. A characteristic of a demon obsessed person is:
- A. Incapacity for normal living
 - B. Preoccupation with demons
 - C. Mental oppression
 - D. None of these
30. According to the Bible, deliverance should only be done by:
- A. Apostles and prophets
 - B. Evangelists and teachers
 - C. True believers
 - D. Ordained ministers only
31. A characteristic of a demonically possessed person may include:
- A. Fits of rage
 - B. Changes in voice and personality
 - C. Incapacity for normal living
 - D. All of these
32. Demons gain control:
- A. Through the mind
 - B. By sinful actions
 - C. By permission
 - D. All of these
33. According to the Bible, deliverance from demons may be aided by:
- A. Giving louder commands to the demon
 - B. Fasting
 - C. Conversing with the demon
 - D. All of these
34. You can protect yourself from demonic powers by:
- A. Being born again
 - B. Being Spirit filled
 - C. Both of these
 - D. Neither of these

35. A good verse for unanswered questions is:

- A. Deuteronomy 29:29
- B. John 3:16
- C. Galatians 3:1
- D. I John 1:8

Matching: Match the proper response to each tradition of man regarding divine healing:

Tradition Of Man	Proper Response
36. Healing and miracles are not for today.	A. Hebrews 9:27
37. Why aren't all the dead raised?	B. It is not a substitute for the blessings of atonement
38. If it works, why do Christians die?	C. There is a difference between special miracles and covenant miracles
39. Modern medicine makes it unnecessary.	D. Exodus 15:26

Matching: Match the proper response to each tradition of man regarding divine healing:

Tradition Of Man	Proper Response
40. It is taught by false cults.	A. Divine healing should never be preached apart from salvation
41. The body is emphasized more than the soul.	B. Sickness is not synonymous with sin
42. You are sick because of your sin.	C. Then do not take medicine to get well
43. It is God's will for you to be sick.	D. It is not the same kind of divine healing

Matching: Match the proper response to each tradition of man regarding divine healing:

Tradition Of Man	Proper Response
44. This is an affliction of the righteous.	A. Consult the New Testament and church history
45. Divine healing is rare.	B. Define "affliction" Scripturally
46. Your sickness is your cross.	C. Taking up the cross is a voluntary act, but illness is not voluntary

Matching: Match the following terms used for healing with the correct definitions:

Term	Definition
47. Psychic healing	A. Unnatural spiritual force
48. Supernatural healing	B. Mind over matter
49. Medical healing	C. Aided by doctors and nurses

Matching: Match the following terms used for healing with the correct definitions:

Term	Definition
50. Divine healing	A. Focuses attention on the one ministering healing
51. Natural healing	B. Healing by God
52. Faith healing	C. Occurs through bodily processes

True Or False? Are the following statements true or false?

- 53. There is no difference between healing and deliverance.
- 54. Healing and deliverance are not really related to the divine commission to preach the Gospel to the world.
- 55. When you are sick it is always a sign of personal sin in your life.
- 56. Sickness sometimes results from Satanic activity.
- 57. Sickness can result from a violation of the natural laws of God.
- 58. Improperly discerning the Body of Christ can result in sickness.
- 59. There are two types of death discussed in Scriptures.
- 60. The Scriptures prove that healing is a benefit of the atonement of Jesus Christ.
- 61. There are no preventative measures that may be taken against sickness.
- 62. The Old Testament does not teach anything about healing.
- 63. Follow-up care is necessary for those delivered from demons.
- 64. Follow-up care is not necessary for those who receive divine healing.
- 65. It is important to spend time talking with a demon if it manifests itself.
- 66. If a person is not healed it is always a sign of lack of faith.
- 67. There is a "sickness unto death".
- 68. Divine healing is always immediate.
- 69. Medical healing is not Scriptural.
- 70. Divine healing is not a benefit of the atonement.
- 71. You will always be healed immediately when you pray.
- 72. I completed reading the text for this course.
- 73. I completed the self-tests at the end of each chapter.

JAIL AND PRISON MINISTRY

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer:

1. The greatest scriptural mandate for prison ministry is given in:
 - A. Matthew 25:31-40.
 - B. John 3:16.
 - C. Genesis 1:1.
 - D. Revelation 1:1.
2. Believers should be concerned about prison ministry because. . .
 - A. Prison ministry has a direct Scriptural mandate.
 - B. We should follow the example Christ set by ministering to prisoners.
 - C. Prisons meet the criteria of any mission field: Lost people and a need for laborers.
 - D. All of these.
3. A social goal of prison ministry includes:
 - A. Helping the inmate function more positively within the prison environment.
 - B. Providing a link between the community and persons confined in correctional institutions.
 - C. Preparing residents for re-entry into society.
 - D. All of these.
4. Our greatest example of prison ministry is:
 - A. The chaplain.
 - B. Martin Luther King.
 - C. Jesus Christ.
 - D. None of these.
5. For every person incarcerated, how many other people are affected?
 - A. No one else is really affected.
 - B. Three to five others.
 - C. Only their mate if they have one.
 - D. None of the above.
6. Which of the following attitudes is important in prison ministry?
 - A. Courage.
 - B. Cooperation.
 - C. Humility.
 - D. They are all important.

7. Spiritual goals of prison ministry include:
- A. To share the unconditional love of God.
 - B. To disciple new believers in the Word and teach them how to study the Bible.
 - C. To demonstrate the power of prayer and teach them to pray.
 - D. All of these.
8. If you are fearful going into a prison you should...
- A. Not go into a prison.
 - B. Get some therapy regarding your fears.
 - C. Recognize where the spirit of fear comes from and rebuke it.
 - D. Realize prison ministry is not for you.
9. The greatest motivating force behind any ministry is:
- A. The desire for recognition.
 - B. Unconditional love.
 - C. Recognizing the importance of volunteering.
 - D. All of the above.
10. As a volunteer you will primarily be involved with...
- A. Inmates.
 - B. Correctional officers.
 - C. The chaplain.
 - D. All of the above.
11. You should talk with your pastor before starting a prison ministry because...
- A. It is common courtesy.
 - B. Spiritual leaders can guide and provide valuable input to you.
 - C. He may already have plans underway for such a ministry.
 - D. All of the above.
12. Possible prison ministries include...
- A. Conducting regular church services.
 - B. Substituting for the chaplain when he is ill or on vacation.
 - C. Providing special musical or dramatic programs.
 - D. All of the above.
13. A ministry program proposal will . . .
- A. Define purpose, objectives, and practical aspects of your program.
 - B. Be submitted for approval to the institution where you plan to minister.
 - C. Be used as a tool for volunteer recruitment.
 - D. All of these.
14. Your proposal should include:
- A. The goals of the program.
 - B. The benefits of the program.
 - C. Both of these.
 - D. Neither of these.

15. A volunteer is important:
- A. To the inmate.
 - B. To the chaplain.
 - C. To families of inmates.
 - D. All of these.
16. Which of the following is a good way to obtain volunteers for prison ministry?
- A. A notice in church bulletins.
 - B. Announcement in church services.
 - C. A "Prison Ministry Day."
 - D. All of these.
17. Training for prison ministry should include:
- A. Orientation and training.
 - B. Review of your prison ministry proposal.
 - C. Discussion of where a person would fit best in the program.
 - D. All of these.
18. Many inmates do not have visitors because:
- A. Their family may live a great distance from where they are incarcerated or do not have the necessary transportation/finances to visit.
 - B. Their family may have rejected them or they may have no family.
 - C. Former friends may have rejected them.
 - D. All of these.
19. Visiting one-on-one with an inmate is important because:
- A. Many inmates will not attend religious services.
 - B. Many inmates have never experienced true, Godly, unconditional friendship.
 - C. Both of the above.
 - D. Neither of the above.
20. Which of the following should **never** be done in a message:
- A. Scolding inmates.
 - B. Making statements that can be misinterpreted by prison staff as a breach of security.
 - C. Downgrading other religions.
 - D. All of these.
21. Which of the following is a good way to help an inmate's family?
- A. Transportation and hospitality.
 - B. Prayer and counseling.
 - C. Information about social services.
 - D. All of these.

22. Before contacting an inmate's family you should:
- A. Check with the chaplain or administration at the jail or prison where you are ministering to see if there is a procedure you should follow.
 - B. Obtain written permission from the inmate so the family and institution knows you have his/her approval.
 - C. Both of these.
 - D. Neither of these.
23. Which of the following verses would be good to use to prepare a death row inmate for impending death?
- A. 1 Corinthians 15:51-55.
 - B. 2 Corinthians 5:1-4.
 - C. Psalm 116:15.
 - D. All of these.
24. A "setup" as discussed in this manual refers to:
- A. A situation where you are forced into compromising your own beliefs, standards, or institutional rules.
 - B. How the meeting room is arranged.
 - C. Plots usually targeted only at the chaplain.
 - D. Plots usually targeted only at correction officers.
25. You can avoid a setup by:
- A. Maintaining a professional attitude.
 - B. Avoiding familiarity.
 - C. Refusing to violate rules under any circumstance.
 - D. All of these.
26. If a crime is committed in your presence while you are in prison you should:
- A. Call for help immediately.
 - B. Secure the crime scene.
 - C. Remain in control and calm others around you.
 - D. All of the above.
27. If you are taken hostage in a prison, you should:
- A. Not cooperate with the hostage takers.
 - B. Let them know that you will testify against them after the siege is over.
 - C. Neither of the above.
 - D. Both of the above.
28. Inmates at the greatest risk due to the nature of their crime or their behavior in prison are housed in:
- A. Maximum security prisons.
 - B. Medium security prisons.
 - C. Minimum security prisons.
 - D. None of these.

29. Inmates who are close to their release date, incarcerated for non-violent crimes, or those who have proven themselves to be extremely reliable and trustworthy or usually housed in:
- A. Maximum security prisons.
 - B. Medium security prisons.
 - C. Minimum security prisons.
 - D. None of these.
30. A major difference between jails and prison is that:
- A. Prison inmates have been tried and convicted.
 - B. Prison population is relatively stable.
 - C. People serve longer terms in prison.
 - D. All of these.
31. Young offenders are usually housed at:
- A. Death row.
 - B. Maximum security.
 - C. Juvenile facilities.
 - D. None of these.
32. The most common offenses are:
- A. Robbery, burglary, murder, and narcotics.
 - B. Hit and run and white color crime.
 - C. Drunk driving and child molestation.
 - D. Murder for hire and mutation.
33. The main need of an inmate returning to society is:
- A. Acceptance by a local church that is nurturing and supportive.
 - B. Housing, food, and clothing.
 - C. A job.
 - D. All of these.
34. A “heckler” is:
- A. Someone who responds to every altar call.
 - B. Someone who tries to disrupt the service.
 - C. Neither of these.
 - D. Both of these.
35. Someone who responds to every altar call is a...
- A. Heckler.
 - B. Perennial seeker.
 - C. Manipulator.
 - D. Institutionalized inmate.

36. An institutionalized inmate is one who:
- A. Responds to every altar call.
 - B. Tries to disrupt the service.
 - C. Has been confined for a lengthy period of time and has difficulty functioning apart from an institutional setting.
 - D. Will do well when he is released back to society.

True Or False: Are the following statements true or false?

- 37. Statistics say, "80% of inmates return to prison after release" so we are wasting our time to try to rehabilitate them.
- 38. The prison system is the only "business" that succeeds by its failure.
- 39. It is not important to screen volunteers for prison ministry...just accept whoever has a desire to help.
- 40. It is not really wise to allow inmates to share or help you minister in a prison service.
- 41. The Bible is not really relevant to inmates.
- 42. A benefit of the Word of God is that it can offer positive strategies for coping with difficult situations and negative emotions.
- 43. The scriptural mandate for prison ministry is not really clear.
- 44. Every believer should be involved in prison ministry in some way.
- 45. One of the main targets of Christ's ministry was prisoners.
- 46. During the time between His death and resurrection, Jesus preached to the spirits in prison.
- 47. God is not willing that any should perish--not even serial killers, rapists, and molesters.
- 48. Chaplains cannot minister to more than a small percentage of inmates in their care.
- 49. All jails and prisons have professional chaplains.
- 50. False religions and cults are not allowed in prisons.
- 51. Ministry to inmates' families is not a goal of prison ministry.
- 52. Entering a jail or prison to minister is outside the "comfort zone" for most believers.
- 53. It is important for a volunteer to have some understanding of the work of jail and prison chaplains.
- 54. A chaplain functions as the administrator of a religious program for the entire institution.
- 55. It is a grave breach of trust to use your access to the prison to undermine the chaplain's reputation or to discredit his programs.
- 56. Prisoners are not very perceptive regarding your motives for prison ministry.
- 57. In prison ministry, always remember you are there to rule rather than serve.
- 58. Volunteers who start and then quit demoralize the inmate, disappoint the chaplain and the prison staff, and give a bad image to the efforts of the church.
- 59. A visit with an inmate is not really very important to them, so if you don't show up they won't usually care.
- 60. Empathy is the ability to feel with people as though you were in their place.
- 61. Effective prison ministry is fueled by prayer.
- 62. It is not really important that you know God's Word to conduct prison ministry because most inmates know nothing about the Bible.
- 63. The rules for dress and conduct are the same in every prison.
- 64. The chain of command is the same in every prison.
- 65. Conducting an analysis of local jails and prisons and their needs is important before launching your prison ministry.
- 66. Your dress and appearance is not really very important when you go into a prison.

67. If you want to start a ministry of writing to inmates you should contact the proper authorities at the institution and obtain a list of the rules for corresponding with inmates.
68. The rules for writing to inmates are the same at every institution.
69. Inmates are often resentful because they have been rejected by society.
70. If possible, it is best not to use your home address when answering letters.
71. Kindness from you can be misinterpreted by inmates as a romantic advance.
72. Never make a loan to inmates. If you send money, make it an outright gift.
73. Do not promise help with employment, housing, etc., after release from prison unless the ministry with which you are involved is adequately prepared to give it.
74. Visiting an inmate on a one-on-one basis is not really very important.
75. It is best to visit one-on-one with a person of your same sex.
76. Normally, it is best not to give money to an inmate or their family.
77. Unless you have had training or you are gifted by God in the area of personal counseling, you should not assume this role when visiting inmates.
78. Correctional institutions are usually rather lax and don't run on a strict schedule.
79. Men should never visit an inmate's wife alone, nor should a woman visit an inmate's husband alone.
80. If an inmate maintains their innocence, you should challenge him/her to get them to face up to what they have done.
81. You should never discuss death with a death row inmate, especially when they have an execution date set.
82. If a death row inmates asks ask you to be present at their death to provide spiritual support, you should decline.
83. Parole means an inmate is free to go home with no restrictions.
84. Most inmates do not have any guilt over what they have done or put their families through.
85. The safety rules and behavior codes are the same in all prisons and jails.
86. Generally speaking, you should wear clothes that are appropriate in the business world when you go into prisons.
87. Never carry identification on you when going into a prison.
88. You should always inquire as to why an inmate is in prison.
89. You should never become involved in transacting personal business for inmates.
90. Any information you have regarding an inmate should be kept confidential.
91. It is best to make decisions for the inmate rather than help them make their own decisions.
92. The value of prison ministry should be measured by your failures rather than your success.
93. There are not many rewards to jail and prison ministry.
94. I read all the chapters in the manual.
95. I completed all of the self-tests in the manual.

INTERCESSORY PRAYER

FINAL EXAMINATION

Multiple Choice: Select the correct answer:

1. Which of the following might hinder your prayer time?
 - A. Distractions.
 - B. Tiredness.
 - C. Lack of desire.
 - D. All of these.
2. Which of the following is not considered a form of prayer?
 - A. Calling upon the name of the Lord.
 - B. Calling unto God.
 - C. Pouring out the heart.
 - D. They are all considered a form of prayer.
3. Prayer is answered:
 - A. Immediately at times.
 - B. Delayed at times.
 - C. Sometimes differently from our desires.
 - D. All of these.
4. Which of the following is a biblically defined level of prayer?
 - A. Asking.
 - B. Seeking.
 - C. Knocking.
 - D. All of these.
5. Which of the following is an important part of prayer?
 - A. Worship.
 - B. Confession.
 - C. Petition.
 - D. All of these.
6. Intercession is:
 - A. Prayer for others.
 - B. Prayer for your daily bread.
 - C. Prayer for yourself.
 - D. Prayer for forgiveness.
7. An intercessor is:
 - A. A preacher.
 - B. One who takes the place of another or pleads another's case.
 - C. A missionary.
 - D. All of the above.

8. The Word of God declares that we are:
- A. A holy priesthood.
 - B. A royal priesthood.
 - C. A kingdom of priests.
 - D. All of these.
9. The priest's responsibility is to stand:
- A. Before God to minister to Him.
 - B. Between sinful man and righteous God.
 - C. Both of these.
 - D. Neither of these.
10. Which of the following are tools for intercession?
- A. Power and authority.
 - B. Binding and losing.
 - C. The name of Jesus.
 - D. All of these.
11. The authority upon which we intercede is:
- A. Our righteousness.
 - B. The name of Jesus.
 - C. Our testimony.
 - D. The good works we have done.
12. We access God's presence by:
- A. Sacred rituals.
 - B. Being a member of a church.
 - C. The blood of Jesus Christ.
 - D. Our righteousness.
13. Who made the first blood sacrifice?
- A. God.
 - B. Adam.
 - C. Abel.
 - D. Abraham.
14. When you do not eat or drink at all you are on a:
- A. Partial fast.
 - B. Total fast.
 - C. Both of these.
 - D. Neither of these.
15. A partial fast is when:
- A. You do not eat anything.
 - B. You eat a restricted diet.
 - C. Both of these.
 - D. Neither of these.

16. God's chosen fast is one:
- A. Where you humble yourself before God.
 - B. To loose the bonds of wickedness.
 - C. Which undoes heavy burdens.
 - D. All of these.
17. A result of fasting is:
- A. Illumination.
 - B. Direction.
 - C. Provision.
 - D. All of these.
18. Which of the following does the Bible direct us to pray for?
- A. The peace of Jerusalem.
 - B. Laborers in the harvest.
 - C. All the saints.
 - D. All of these.
19. God answers prayer according to:
- A. Your will.
 - B. His will.
 - C. How much you pray.
 - D. How often you ask.
20. Spiritual mapping is:
- A. Done to identify the enemy's plans, strategies, and plots for a geographical area.
 - B. Done to help you learn your way around town.
 - C. Not scriptural.
 - D. A waste of time.
21. Which of the following is a hindrance to effective intercession?
- A. Sin of any kind.
 - B. An unforgiving spirit.
 - C. Wrong treatment of marriage partner.
 - D. All of these.
22. The model prayer is found in:
- A. Matthew 6:9-13.
 - B. Luke 11:2-4.
 - C. Both of these.
 - D. Neither of these.
23. Amen means:
- A. I'm done praying.
 - B. Over and out.
 - C. We have prayed all our petitions in the name of Jesus.
 - D. None of these.

24. Revival is:
- A. Spiritual emotion.
 - B. Good preaching.
 - C. A sovereign work of God.
 - D. A campaign for new members.
25. Revival is described as:
- A. An awakening, revitalizing, and restoring of God's people.
 - B. A return to consciousness or life.
 - C. Times of refreshing from the presence of the Lord.
 - D. All of these.
26. An evidence of a backslidden condition is:
- A. When you can indulge in sin without protest by your conscience.
 - B. When the acquisition of money and goods becomes dominant in your thinking.
 - C. When "worship" becomes a weariness.
 - D. All of these.
27. Most Old Testament revivals were preceded by:
- A. A time of prosperity.
 - B. A time of deep spiritual decline and despair.
 - C. Neither A or B.
 - D. Both A and B.
28. Which of the following might hinder revival:
- A. Leaders.
 - B. Members of the congregation.
 - C. Neither of these.
 - D. Both of these.
29. God's revival plan is found in:
- A. John 3:16.
 - B. Matthew 3:20.
 - C. II Chronicles 7:14.
 - D. John 1:1.
30. Seeking the Lord involves:
- A. Voluntarily and wholeheartedly turning to God.
 - B. A decision to turn away from all evil.
 - C. Both of these.
 - D. Neither of these.
31. To prepare for revival you should:
- A. Humble yourself.
 - B. Pray.
 - C. Turn from your wicked ways.
 - D. All of these.

32. International intercession is:
- A. Praying for yourself.
 - B. Praying for your family.
 - C. Praying for other nations.
 - D. Thanking God for your blessings.

Matching: Match the following pieces of spiritual armor with the correct meaning:

33. Girdle of ____.
- A. Righteousness.
 - B. Truth.
 - C. Salvation.
 - D. The preparation of the gospel of peace.
34. Breastplate of ____.
- A. Righteousness.
 - B. Truth.
 - C. Salvation.
 - D. The preparation of the gospel of peace.
35. Feet shod with ____.
- A. Righteousness.
 - B. Truth.
 - C. Salvation.
 - D. The preparation of the gospel of peace.
36. Helmet of ____.
- A. Righteousness.
 - B. Truth.
 - C. Salvation.
 - D. Faith.
37. The shield of ____.
- A. Faith.
 - B. Spirit.
 - C. Salvation.
 - D. The preparation of the gospel of peace.
38. Sword of the ____.
- A. Faith.
 - B. Spirit.
 - C. Salvation.
 - D. The preparation of the gospel of peace.

True Or False: Are the following statements true or false?

39. Prayer involves listening to God as well as talking to Him.
40. There is no one approved posture for prayer.

41. Two praying together is the smallest unit of corporate prayer.
42. Our greatest model of intercessory prayer is Jesus.
43. The Biblical basis for the New Testament believer's ministry of intercessory prayer is our calling as priests unto God.
44. Intercession is never done in an unknown tongue.
45. Intercession in the Spirit is the deepest level of intercession.
46. There is no difference between authority and power.
47. Satan has limited power, but he has no authority.
48. Jesus did not give believers the power to bind and loose because it is too dangerous.
49. Dead works can include worship, tithing, and deeds of kindness.
50. Lack of time is an acceptable excuse for not praying.
51. Fasting is the same thing as going on a diet.
52. The model prayer is an outline of prayer for us to follow.
53. The Father knows what you need even before you ask, so there is no reason to pray.
54. Fasting changes God.
55. Fasting changes you.
56. Quality rather than quantity of prayer is stressed in God's Word.
57. Empty repetition is forbidden, but earnest repetition is not.
58. The model prayer should be prayed word for word as it is--that is its purpose.
59. There are times when you should act instead of praying.
60. The "*boulema*" will of God does not require the cooperation of man.
61. The "*boulema*" will of God is written in His Word.
62. The "*thelema*" will of God refers to His individual plan or will for each man and woman.
63. In order for God to fulfill His "*thelema*" will, it requires man's cooperation.
64. Since revival is a sovereign move of God, there is really no way you can prepare for it.
65. I read all the chapters in the manual.
66. I completed all of the self-tests in the manual.
67. I have started a personal prayer manual.